

You Must See the

NEW.....  
SASH BELTSWe have just received a new lot.  
Come Early and get your choice.

Challoner &amp; Mitchell,

TELEPHONE 675.

JEWELLERS

47 Government St

GOODERHAM &amp; WORTS

CELEBRATED

WHISKY

Is Sold at the  
Stores of the

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,

GOODERHAM &amp; WORTS

"SPECIAL" 1884 WHISKY

Is the

Oldest and Finest Canadian Whisky in the Market.

A Strong Grip



Whose fault is it if you have been buying Groceries at stores where they don't care whether they please you or not?

Our great aim is to give satisfaction and careful attention to the wants of our customers.

Three Star Flour, . . . \$1.10 per sack  
Snowflake Flour, . . . 1.05 "  
Ogilvie's Hungarian, . . . 1.20 "  
Fresh Roll Butter, . . . 45c. per roll

Dixie H. Ross &amp; Co.

HO! FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.

V. Y. T. Co.

OWNERS OF LAKE BENNETT SAW MILLS.

Manufacturers of Lumber of all descriptions, Traders and Freighters, Builders of Boats and Barges.

THROUGH RATES given from any city on the Coast to all points on the Upper Yukon river. Goods shipped now can be stored in the company's warehouse at Ben nett until opening of navigation. For further particulars call or address

THE VICTORIA-YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd., VICTORIA, B. C.

Removal Notice.

I beg to advise the public that I have re-moved my Watchmaking and Jewellery Store from 90 Government Street to

43 FORT STREET

next Pemberton &amp; Son. I thank you for your patronage in the past, and ask for its continuance at my new premises.

J. WENGER.

Universally Accepted as the Leading Pure Coffee of the World.

Chase &amp; Sanborn's Seal Brand

1 or 2 pound Tins.

All Grocers Keep it.

SEED POTATOES.

A few tons of Choice Early Rose and other varieties. Come Early

The Brackman &amp; Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

R. P. RITHET &amp; CO., LD.

Wholesale  
Merchants.

Ex DRUMBURTON:

LIQUORS, GROCERIES AND CEMENT.

AGENTS:

Columbia Flouring Mills Co.

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned until noon on 23rd April next for the purchase of the property (22x43.0), or more at 112 Government street, known as the Teutonia Saloon. The property includes the buildings thereon, together with the license and good-will of an old established saloon business. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. State terms.

MRS. A. BAUMGART.

The Stock Exchange

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Every hour over private mines direct into the Exchange.

Every standard stock is quoted on the board. Private and confidential information on the development of the leading mines daily.

List all your stocks with us; we have buyers.

Wanted, Athabasca, Wonderful, Noble Five, Waterloo.

GUTHBERT &amp; COMPY.

The Oldest Established Mining Brokerage Office in British Columbia, 15 and 17 Trowace Avenue.

Telephone 633

To Cannerymen...

A Patent Retort and Steam Box Door on Exhibition under pressure of Steam. Can be opened and closed in one minute. A perfect steam-tight joint.

T. SHAW'S

MARINE IRON WORKS, - Victoria, B. C.

MINING SHARES

SAILOR CONSOLIDATED

in Camp McKinney

500 to 10,000 at 15 cents.

This company owns the McKinney Town-site and the following claims: Sallor, Diamond, Toledo, Snowshoe and Bellevue, adjoining the famous Cariboo, which has paid \$270,000 in dividends. The Sallor group has the Cariboo ledge, as well as the McIntosh ledge, and these shares are liable to reach \$1 per share inside two years.

I shall sell by

AUCTION

On Wednesday April 12, at 2 p. m.

In Trowace Avenue, in front of our offices

to Klondike Canoes

from 16 to 20 feet long, with all fittings complete. On view any time Tuesday and morning of sale. This is a splendid chance for parties going north. Terms cash.

HERBERT GUTHBERT Auctioneer.

TENDERS FOR LEASE

-- OF --

Valuable Agricultural Lands

-- ALSO --

The Bowker Park Race Track and Buildings

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until noon Wednesday, April 12, 1899, for a three years' lease of valuable agricultural land, consisting of about forty acres (more or less), known as the Bowker Park; also for the Bowker Park Race Track and buildings. Tenders will be received for the whole or separate part of the above property. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ERNEST TEMPLE, Secretary.  
The Bowker Park Co., Ltd.,  
P. O. Drawer 618, Victoria, B. C.List your stocks with us.  
For other quotations call at our office.

A. W. More &amp; Co.,

Stock Brokers,

86 Government Street.

LESS SAID  
THE BETTERLiberal Views With Alarm Free  
Discussion in the Com-mons.Mr. Sifton Again Slights Ship-  
ping Interests of the  
Pacific Coast.Check to Immigration Schemes  
--Maxwell's Bid for Cheap  
Popularity.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, April 10.—Mr. Charlton is getting tired of long speeches in the House, although in past years he himself has been a great slammer in this respect. He proposes to move for the appointment of a committee to consider the best way to curtail speeches consistent with the rights of the minority.

Sifton's Blunderings.

The new Siftonian atlas of Canada is out, the errors in the original edition having been corrected. Vancouver men here are very angry because one map shows Victoria as the home port of the C. P. R. Empress line to Japan. The existence of a direct line to Australia is ignored. This second edition, like the first, was made in Chicago.

To Exclude Paupers.

A bill introduced by Mr. McInnes today to restrict immigration provides for preventing the immigration of paupers, idiots, criminals and persons suffering from diseases. Any person coming under this category entering Canada may be sent to jail for six months, and any transportation company, whether steamship or railway, bringing them in shall be held responsible and take them out again.

A Prohibitive Tax.

Mr. Maxwell's bill to amend the Chinese immigration act proposes to increase the poll from \$50 to \$500. It will exempt Chinese clergymen, as well as diplomatic representatives and merchants, from coming within the operation of the act.

Working the Postmasters.

In the House to-day Sir Charles Tupper said he had been informed that large parcels of the speech delivered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier were being sent to post-masters throughout the country with instructions to distribute them where they would do the most good. He had no objection to the speech being distributed as widely as possible but he did not think the postmasters the proper persons to do the work.

Mr. Mulock said Sir Charles was mis-informed, as no such speeches were delivered in that way.

A Curious Mistake.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier referring to the question asked the other day by Sir Charles Tupper regarding the provisional delimitation of the boundary between Alaska and Canada, said he must qualify the statement made by him to the effect that no negotiations were on foot. A proposition had been made and an answer given but unfortunately the negotiations were not yet so advanced that he could lay the papers on the table. Sir Charles suggested that pending delimitation regulations should be made to insure the greatest possible facility in bonding across the border both ways. Col. Dorrill denied that he had ever said in a newspaper interview that he saw Major Walsh drunk at Dawson. He considered the statement was a base slander.

Mr. Tarte's Record.

The debate on the record was continued by Mr. Paterson, minister of customs, who labored hard to disprove the statements of Clarke Wallace that the present tariff unduly favored the United States. Mr. Paterson, however, failed to rebut Mr. Wallace's strong attack. Mr. Bergeron, who followed, devoted himself chiefly to Mr. Tarte, his review of the career of the minister of public works being a scathing exposure. He predicted that Mr. Tarte would ultimately throw down Sir Wilfrid as he had betrayed everybody with whom he had been associated.

Victoria to the Pole.

Capt. Bernier, the Quebec navigator, who aspires to lead the Canadian polar expedition, is in the city. He says he has received offers of aid from all over the country, but will not start out on the expedition unless he can go as the accredited representative of Canada. All he asks from the government is the sum

: : AUCTION : :

I am instructed by Mrs. P. Young, who is leaving for Chicago, to sell at her residence, corner of Menzies and Niagara streets,

Wednesday, April 12th, at 2 p. m.

Elegant and costly furniture,  
Grand Piano, Bicycles, Etc.

Upheasted Arm Chairs, Rattan and Oak Rockers, Arm Chairs, Brass Table, 5 o'clock Tea Table, Oak Centre Table, Walnut, Carved and Polished and Leather Covered Dining Chairs, B.W. Dining Table, B.W. Book Case and Secretary (combined), Couch, Lounger, B.W. Slideboard, B.W. Canoe Seat Chairs, Illustrated London News, Picturesque Canada and Harper's Weekly (bound), very fine Pictures and Engravings, Double Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Massive Solid Walnut Oak Bedroom Suites (nicely carved), Oak Bureau and Washstand, Child's High Chair, Crib, Go-Cart, Woven Wire and Top Mattresses, Feather Bed, Body Brussels and Wilton Bordered Carpet Squares (sizes, 9 feet by 10 feet to 15 feet by 14 feet), Mats and Rugs, Lace Curtains, Chenille Portiers, Blinds, Dinner Set, Stair and Hall Carpets, Silverware, Toilet Sets, Preserves, Linoleum, No. 9 Cook Stove, Lawn Mower, Garden Tools, etc.

High-Class "a la" and "Go-to" Bicycles.  
The above goods are almost new and of excellent quality.  
On view Tuesday afternoon from 2 to 5.

W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

CARRIED  
BY STORM.Santa Cruz Offered But Brief  
Resistance to the Ameri-  
can Forces.Well Planned Assault by Land  
and Water Successfully  
Carried Out.Slight Loss to Attacking Party  
and City Not Badly  
Damaged.

By Associated Press.

Manila, April 10.—Santa Cruz, the Philippines' stronghold on Laguna de Bay, fell into the hands of General Lawton's expedition after some sharp, quick firing, forming one of the most interesting and important battles of the war. The plans of the American commanders worked perfectly, with the exception that the progress of the expedition was delayed by the navigation of the river.

About 1,500 picked men composed the expedition, which was under the personal command of General Lawton, on account of the illness of General King. The troops partly surrounded the city, while the gunboats Laguna de Bay, Napidan and Ceste, under the command of Capt. Grant, of the Utah battery, shelled the city and outlying trenches. General Lawton and his staff accompanied the troops, sometimes leading charges in Indian fighting tactics, which eventually resulted in the complete rout of the rebels, with the smallest amount of damage to the city and slight loss to the Americans.

The expedition started from San Pedro Vauati at dusk on Saturday, intending to capture Santa Cruz by assault at day-break, but in navigating the shallow Pasig river, perhaps through the

Cunning of the Native Pilots

who were not anxious to see the Americans successful, several boats grounded, and it was nearly dawn when the troops reached the lake. The expedition then steamed cautiously forward, the Napidan and Ceste a mile ahead and the Laguna de Bay guarding the rear. Rebel signal fires, however, were lighted on the mountain top, giving warning of the approach of the troops.

It was noon before the white church towers of the city appeared in the shadow of the great volcanic mountain on a marshy plain, dotted with occasional palm groves. A square-ended, flat-bottomed boat, with a force of 200 picked sharpshooters under Major Weisenberger, mostly belonging to the First Washington regiment, was run into a shallow inlet about five miles south of the city. Then a few shells were sent towards the entrenchments of the rebels at the edge of the woods, sending the enemy scampering inland. Then a number of Americans jumped into the water, and wading about 100 yards, crept forward and formed in line, covering the landing.

Landed Under Fire.

Three troops of the Fourth cavalry, unmounted, were sent ashore on a dangerous marshy point directly south of the city, under fire from the enemy's trenches. Meanwhile in the town itself there was utter silence and not a sign of life. Gen. Lawton desiring to make an inspection and to give the inhabitants an opportunity to surrender went on board the Laguna de Bay and accompanied by the Associated Press launch steamed slowly to the dock, the whole fleet watching anxiously. When it was discovered by the glasses that the trenches and stone buildings were swarming with white clad soldiers, the two boats withdrew, receiving volleys from the trenches thrown up on the marshy plain north of the city. The fleet anchored in compact formation for the night ready to resist any surprises from the rebel gunboats supposed to be in the lake.

At sunrise to-day (Monday)

The Assault Commenced.

The American lines south of the city stretched two miles inland and with its left sweeping to sea it moved north, while the Fourth cavalrymen on the point advanced toward the city pouring volleys upon the trenches. Simultaneously the gunboats hovered along the shore shelling the woods ahead of the troops and driving the Filipinos inland. The Gatlings cleared several trenches. The brigades were divided into squadrons of twelve and the fighting was carried on in the old time frontier fashion from behind trees, crawling through bushes or rushing across the open. The trenches that were not cleared by the gunboats gave considerable resistance when the lines were nearing the city. The Laguna de Bay and Ceste bombarded them for an hour in the hope of making it too warm for them, but they did not succeed in clearing them entirely. General Lawton with the Fourteenth In-

(Continued on page 2.)

BRIAR PIPES,

BEST BRAND KNOWN.

Some Novelties in the above at

HARRY SALMON'S

Cor. Yates and Government Street



## BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

President McKinley Formally Invited to Pay Victoria a Visit.

The Fire Limits Amendment By-Law Meets Its Fate.

The mayor and corporation of the city of Victoria at their regular meeting last evening decided by resolution to extend a formal and cordial invitation to President McKinley to visit Victoria on the occasion of his contemplated trip to the Northwest coast this autumn. Similar action is also reported to have been taken last night by the Vancouver city council, and British Columbians will join heartily in the hope that the chief citizen of the United States may see his way to extend his tour thus far, although there is an impression current that a clause in the constitution of the republic prevents. The other interesting feature of last night's council session was the killing of the fire limits amendment by-law, after several deadlocks and numerous expedients on the part of the friends of a re-definition of the limits to secure at least a portion of their plan. It is now expected that a special amendment to the same by-law will be brought forward, having for its object the enabling of frame residences being erected, with special consent of the aldermen, between Douglas and Blanchard streets. As for the Sunday closing by-law, it still stands over, with consent of its introducer, Ald. Beckwith; while the project of the consolidation of the civic debt is advanced a stage by the presentation of the requisite petition of property owners.

With reference to the cemetery on Quadra street, H. D. Helmcken, M.P.C., wrote the council to say that as a result of correspondence between the city council and the government in 1884, the government had built a new fence around this neglected property and the trees had been trimmed and otherwise improved on the understanding that the city would hereafter keep the graveyard in good order. Mr. Helmcken asked that this be done.

The mayor pointed out that the city had no ownership in this property, and thought that under such circumstances the corporation could not be expected to maintain it.

Ald. Humphrey thought that Mr. Helmcken was out in his reckoning. It was in 1894 that the old graveyard was put in order by the city, at a cost of \$150,000, and the government contributed to the cost. He was quite willing that something should be done toward the improvement of the cemetery.

City Solicitor Mason, on being appealed to for information, informed the board that the title of the property in question is still vested in the crown. About two years ago Ald. Stewart had suggested that the government convey the old cemetery to the city, and that the corporation assume its maintenance. Nothing had been done, however, although the government of the day had expressed a willingness to make the conveyance to the city.

The mayor proposed that Mr. Helmcken be informed that the city cannot take any action in the premises, the property belonging to the crown.

This method of disposing of the matter did not meet with Ald. Hayward's approval. He thought some respect should be shown by the city to the last resting place of the old pioneers. He suggested that Mr. Helmcken's communication be referred to the cemetery committee, and thought that if the government would convey the property to the city, they might very well undertake to keep it in decent order.

His Worship did not see how the city could derive any benefit from such an arrangement.

Ald. Humphrey was in accord with all the observations of Ald. Hayward, and held that eventually the old cemetery would become a valuable piece of property.

The cemetery committee will present a report on the subject in accordance with Ald. Hayward's suggestion.

From Rev. W. G. H. Ellison came a letter proposing that the council adopt a resolution to the effect that public notice be given that on and after May 1, 1899, the old Craigflower road be closed—and that this action be taken.

It was announced that a petition in this regard would shortly be presented to the council, and Rev. Mr. Ellison's communication was accordingly tabled for consideration in conjunction with this petition.

George Noot applied for the position of foreman at Beaver lake, briefly stating his qualifications and experience.

The mayor held that the engineer being responsible for the work in hand, he should have the selection of his foremen and other subordinates.

The council being of the same opinion, the application was finally referred to the engineer with power to act.

From the city clerk was received a statement of letters to hand during the week, and which had been referred direct to the appropriate committees. These were from J. Bredford and ten others directing attention to an open drain on Sayward avenue; Mrs. M. J. Viereide, asking for a sidewalk on Richmond avenue; and M. C. Reynard, requesting the construction of a drain to carry off the drainage from the houses in the vicinity of Oak Bay avenue and Poul Bay road.

The clerk's report went upon the file. The water committee and purchasing agent in conjunction reported having considered some 12 tenders for water meters, the lowest being G. C. Henshaw's for \$882.49. This being a new meter to Victoria, a careful examination of it had been made and its purchase was thereupon recommended, but with two 3-inch Hersey disc meters substituted for the 3-inch Torment meters included in tender No. 1, at an extra cost of \$9.

The recommendation was adopted by the council.

In a subsequent communication Water Commissioner Maymair advised the appropriation of \$500 to provide for the examination of the water main and sewer pipes on Port Street, prior to paving there, also stating that he had arranged with Mr. Hinchey to conduct a series of experiments as to the damage done to water mains under or near the tramway line.

This report was also adopted.

City Treasurer Charles Kent reported upon the claim of C. C. Moody, with respect to land sold for taxes in January last, this report being ordered filed and a copy going to Mr. Moody.

In his weekly report the acting city engineer submitted the following:

"1. Re Port street paving—I would respectfully recommend that any work that may be necessary in connection with the gas or water mains be carried out as soon as possible; also that a surface water drain be laid on Port street, from Douglas to Government, with necessary gullies and branches, at an estimated cost, exclusive of 530 feet of 8-inch pipe on hand, of \$250.

"2. Regarding the communication from Major J. W. McKean, desiring the return of boom-chains used in connection with the raft of piles for Rock Bay bridge—as it would be unsafe to secure them by means of rope, I would respectfully recommend that he be paid the amount asked for, viz., \$56.98.

"3. With respect to the communication from Mr. J. Maynard in reference to drainage from his property on Pandora street, I would recommend that a box drain be laid to connect with the one existing east of that lot, a distance of 200 feet, at an estimated cost of \$45.

"4. I would respectfully recommend that the following sidewalks reported by City Carpenter Scott as being worn out should be renewed: Store street, west side, from the Rice Mill to the corner, a distance of 500 feet by 10 feet, at an estimated cost of \$145; Johnson street, south side and west of Vancouver street, 300 feet of 8-foot sidewalk, at an estimated cost of \$93; Johnson street, north side and east of Blanchard street, 300 feet of 10-foot sidewalk, at an estimated cost of \$75; and Douglas street, west side, from the Union Club north to Broughton street, 140 feet of 10-foot walk, at an estimated cost of \$35.

This report being considered seriously, all save the third clause was adopted, this section being tabled for one week's consideration.

Ald. Hayward was anxious to know what the engineer was doing with respect to Kingston street and was assured that the work was not being overlooked.

Ald. Humphrey observed that a new sidewalk was badly needed on Belcher street, up to Government House.

The mayor pointed to Belleville street as another thoroughfare in need of attention.

Ald. Cameron—Then there are parts of Government street.

Ald. Williams—And Menzies street.

Could the mayor call a halt. He could not remember so many suggestions, he said, and the aldermen should let him have their ideas in writing if they wished special streets looked after by the engineer.

A petition to the Postmaster-General of Canada from A. H. Menzies and 150 other residents of Salt Spring, Galliano, Bayne and other islands of the Gulf, conveyed a request for a mail subsidy such as would assure a daily steamer service between those islands and Victoria, via Sidney and the Sanich railway.

The petition came to the council in order that the request might be endorsed by the city of Victoria, this being promptly done upon the motion of Ald. MacGregor and Stewart.

A second petition from P. R. Brown and 149 other heavy property owners of the city requested the presentation of a by-law for the consolidation of the civic debt. Action was immediately taken upon the request, the following resolution being moved by Ald. Hay and adopted:

"That the petition be received and referred to the city assessor, with instructions to report to His Worship the mayor, and to the various representatives of the petitioners, who, if satisfied that the requirements of the Municipal Clauses act have been complied with, is hereby requested to have a loan by-law prepared in accordance with the preamble and prayer of the petitioners, for submission to this council at its next meeting."

A monster petition came next from Rev. W. H. Barralough and 1,094 others, urging the members of the council to give loyal support to Ald. Beckwith's Sunday closing by-law, now at its second reading stage.

The petition was placed in the table with other communications on the same subject until such time as the by-law is again under consideration.

A report came next from the fire wardens, to the effect that the furnace complaint, filed by Mr. Flew, in connection with the laundry and lighting plant of St. Anne's convent, a spark arrester had been ordered placed on the top of the 30-foot stack in consequence of Mr. Flew's complaint.

This report was adopted, as was also one from the street lighting committee which followed, recommending that the order of the Canada General Electric Company of Vancouver for the supply of carbons at \$7.50 and that of G. J. Watson for globes (\$109) be accepted.

The finance committee recommended a special appropriation of \$150 toward advertising Victoria in some special booklet, 20,000 copies of which are to be circulated and which it is stipulated must contain at least twenty pages of illustration. Current expenditures for the week totalled \$1,389.03, and both reports passed the council.

After this the board went into committee on the by-law to re-define the fire limits, which took up practically the remaining time of the session. Three or four conflicting suggestions as to changes were presented and the Mayor thereupon advised that he noted all he was told.

"I think the best thing we can do," he said, "is to leave the fire limits as they are."

Ald. Brydon and MacGregor heartily agreed with this, and the latter alderman moved "that the committee rise."

Ald. Stewart vigorously opposed the motion and contended that the fire limits were at present defined very unreasonably large for a city of Victoria's size and entirely unwarranted by present conditions. He also emphasized the necessity of encouraging such institutions as the paint factory that Mr. Pendray proposed establishing on the waterfront.

The Mayor, on the other hand, thought that if a change should be made, it might be more advantageous for the purpose of allowing frame buildings for residential purposes to be erected with consent of the council between Blanchard and Douglas streets. Of course this could not be considered.

The motion that the committee rise was lost on a division of 4 to 5, the Mayor voting affirmatively and declaring the resolution defeated on the tie.

A resolution in relation to the fire limits was also introduced by Ald. Stewart, a similar fate, and Ald. Humphrey then proposed that the defining line run from the present limits to Kane street, thence west to Douglas, thence south to Humboldt, thence west to lot 212, thence south to the waterfront, and following the waterfront west and north to the place of commencement.

Even with the map before them, Ald. Cameron and Beckwith thought the council could not vote intelligently on such a resolution "off hand." Nor did they admit that it would be wise to alter the fire limits to oblige a single individual, however much they valued Mr. Pendray's enterprise. Another long debate ensued, Mr. Pendray's plans being thoroughly discussed, and the information being given by one of the board that

A Conundrum Tea.—Last evening was pleasantly spent by the congregation of St. James' church in what is known as a "conundrum tea," which was served in connection with a sale of work by the Ladies' Aid. The feature of this entertainment was the amusement which it caused. A bill of fare, ingeniously gotten up with queer but appropriate names applied to cabbages, was placed before the visitor to guess from, and peculiar results followed. Following is the bill of fare, with the answers to the conundrums added: Greased staff (bread and butter); old maid's solace (tea); bachelor's comfort (coffee); a group of islands (sandwiches); angel's food (cake); favorite dish of Darwin's ancestors (conchognuts); an Eastern delicacy (olives); an ancient sacrifice (lamb); an after-dinner luxury (tooth-picks); infant's delight (milk). Pleased with the success which rewarded their efforts last evening, the ladies propose giving another conundrum tea in the near future, but with new conundrums.

others besides this manufacturer are only waiting for the alteration of the limits to embark in important business enterprises.

Ald. Brydon thought the limits should stand as now.

Ald. MacGregor concurred and held that it would be manifestly unfair to permit a wooden building to be run up beside a compulsory-built brick block, to increase the fire risk and insurance rate of the more expensive building.

Ald. Humphrey warmly supported a reduction of the limits, which had—been adopted in boom time and without sound reasons and which deterred many citizens from improving or realizing a revenue from their properties. The reduction of the limits would encourage building and facilitate business.

Ald. Cameron thought it would be time enough for the introduction of such an argument when some one petitioned the council with a declaration that he desired to build. He asserted that the advocates for restricted fire limits had some scheme on foot that they would not disclose, and which apparently would not stand the light of day.

On Ald. Humphrey's resolution being put to the vote it failed by the vote of his predecessors, being lost on the tie vote, and then came another motion that the committee rise without reporting, thereby killing the by-law.

This time the Mayor counted five in favor and four counter, and including himself with the affirmatives declared the motion carried, 6 to 4.

Ald. Stewart, Hayward and Williams at once challenged the accuracy of this decision, the latter alderman denying that he had had any intention of holding up his hand for the motion, although the Mayor counted it so.

"Gently, but Firmly"

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES

## "SALADA" CEYLON TEA

is by long odds the greatest value and most delicious of all teas.

Sold in Lead Packets Only. All Grocers. 40c, 50c, 60c.

## Corby's Rye Whiskey.

In Bond & Duty Paid. TURNER, BEETON & CO.

## DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

## DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

Sold Throughout the World. N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel; the safest and most gentle medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Males, and the Sufferers of Pregnancy.

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"But admitting that I made a clumsy mistake," he said, "why not reconsider the vote. It would only be fairness."

The Mayor did not have to say this could be done and referred to the city solicitor, whereupon points of order and practice passed back and forth, thick and fast. Finally it was discovered that the Mayor had counted the disputed division, whereas by the rules this duty devolves upon the clerk.

So the motion went back to the vote and was lost on the tie.

Half a dozen other attempts to break the deadlock failed similarly, until finally Ald. Stewart's original schedule was lost and nothing being left in the new by-law it expired naturally. A subsequent resolution that the committee rise without reporting was carried by 6 to 4.

Ald. Brydon, Beckwith and Kinsman took occasion before the adjournment to complain of the manner in which street work is decided upon, the city engineer directing a larger expenditure under the head of maintenance and repair account than the council deals with under the caption of new works.

The Mayor also referred to the coming to Tacoma in August of the President of the United States, and a resolution was thereupon adopted commending Mr. McKinley to pay a visit also to the city of Victoria.

Seems as if consumption always picks out the brightest and best. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths that occur in the world are caused by consumption. Many were once considered invincible. It would be strange if medical science did not make some progress. The telegraph and telephone, the phonograph, the electric light—all were once impossible, and once it was impossible to cure consumption. That was before the time of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Taken according to directions, this standard remedy will cure 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption.

Consumption is caused and fostered by impurity in the blood. It is cured by the blood-purifiers in the blood—surely, certainly cured by the "Medical Discovery." It builds up solid healthy flesh and vigorous strength.

A Conundrum Tea.—Last evening was pleasantly spent by the congregation of St. James' church in what is known as a "conundrum tea," which was served in connection with a sale of work by the Ladies' Aid. The feature of this entertainment was the amusement which it caused. A bill of fare, ingeniously gotten up with queer but appropriate names applied to cabbages, was placed before the visitor to guess from, and peculiar results followed. Following is the bill of fare, with the answers to the conundrums added: Greased staff (bread and butter); old maid's solace (tea); bachelor's comfort (coffee); a group of islands (sandwiches); angel's food (cake); favorite dish of Darwin's ancestors (conchognuts); an Eastern delicacy (olives); an ancient sacrifice (lamb); an after-dinner luxury (tooth-picks); infant's delight (milk). Pleased with the success which rewarded their efforts last evening, the ladies propose giving another conundrum tea in the near future, but with new conundrums.

Frank Oullin is my duly authorized agent to collect all moneys owing me in connection with the delivery of the Daily Colonist from this date.

Dated January 25, 1899.

W. BEYER.

Esquimalt-Nanaimo Ry.

TIME CARD.

Effective March 25, 1899.

North-bound trains will leave Victoria as follows: Train No. 2—Daily (except Sundays) 9:00 a.m., arriving at Nanaimo 11:59 a.m., and Wellington 12:20 p.m.

Train No. 4—Leaves Victoria Saturday 4:35 p.m., due at Nanaimo 7:30 p.m., and Wellington at 7:42 p.m.

Train No. 8—Leaves Victoria Sunday 8:00 a.m., due at Nanaimo 10:55 a.m., and Wellington 11:07 a.m.

Train No. 10—Leaves Victoria Sunday 2:00 p.m., due at Nanaimo 5:00 p.m., and Wellington 5:12 p.m.

South-bound trains will leave Wellington as follows: Train No. 1—Daily (except Sundays) 8:20 a.m., leaving Nanaimo 8:41 a.m., due Victoria 11:30 a.m.

Train No. 3—Leaves Wellington Saturday 4:45 p.m., Nanaimo at 4:50 p.m., and due at Victoria 7:58 p.m.

Train No. 7—Leaves Wellington Sunday 8:30 a.m., Nanaimo 8:21 a.m., due Victoria 11:20 a.m.

Train No. 9—Leaves Wellington Sunday 4:50 p.m., Nanaimo 5:00 p.m., and due at Victoria 8:00 p.m.

Reduced rates to and from all points on Saturdays and Sundays.

For rates and all information apply at company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

NOTICE

Frank Oullin is my duly authorized agent to collect all moneys owing me in connection with the delivery of the Daily Colonist from this date.

Dated January 25, 1899.

W. BEYER.

Canadian Pac. Navigation Co. Ltd

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 40—Taking Effect February 1st, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island—Sunday at 2 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock—Thursday and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th, each month, at 8 o'clock.

KLONDIKE ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave weekly for Wrangell, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Queen City leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th of each month, extending latter trips to Quinsimo and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.

C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

## Canadian Pacific RAILWAY

AND

## SOD PACIFIC LINE

The Most Direct Route to all points East and South East

Through Palace and Tourist Sleeping Cars to MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL, TORONTO, MONTREAL AND BOSTON Without Change

Tickets to and from all points in Europe

For rates, folders and all information, call on or address B. W. GREER, Agent, Cor. Government and Port Sts.

ESQUIMALT-NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

NOTICE

The advertised year and conditions to claiming the surface rights of miners claims having expired on June 1st.

PROSPECTORS AND MINERS can still make arrangements for acquiring the same by personal or written application to the Company's Land Office, Victoria.

LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner.

Victoria, B. C., June, 1899.

ESQUIMALT-NANAIMO RAILWAY CO.

STEAMER

City of Nanaimo

Leave from Victoria

Nanaimo Tuesday 7 a.m.

Nanaimo for Comox Wednesday 7 a.m.

Comox for Nanaimo Friday 8 a.m.

Nanaimo for Victoria Saturday 7 a.m.

Calling at way ports en freight and passenger may offer.

For freight, tickets and staterooms, apply on board.

GEORGE L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

Atlin Gold Fields

STEEL STEAMSHIP

AMUR

Leaves Porter's Wharf

Tuesday, April 18th

FOR SKAGWAY, JUNEAU, DYE, and Way Ports.

For freight and passage rates apply Bennett Lake & Klondike Nav. Co.

39 Government St., Victoria.

S.S. CUTCH

will sail to

Alert Bay, Rivers Inlet, Skeena River, Juneau, Skagway and way ports

ON MARCH 24th 1899 at 6 p.m.

from Porter's Wharf

For Rates and particulars, apply at wharf

W. BEYER.

NOTICE

Frank Oullin is my duly authorized agent to collect all moneys owing me in connection with the delivery of the Daily Colonist from this date.

Dated January 25, 1899.

W. BEYER.

THE

## White Pass and Yukon Route

The Pacific & Arctic R'y & Navigation Co.

British Columbia Yukon Railway Co.

From Skaguay, Alaska, to the Summit of White Pass

Is a comfortable Railway Train.

D. D. Jones has been appointed Customs Agent for the White Pass and Yukon Route in Alaska and British Columbia. He will make his headquarters at Skaguay. The appointment is made that patrons of the White Pass & Yukon Route will not be subject to troublesome delays or excessive



## For Easter



Business Suits, \$5, 6.25, 7.50, \$10  
Boys 2-piece Suits \$1, 1.50, 1.75, \$2  
" 3 " \$3.25, 3.75, 4.25, \$5  
30 Cases Just Received.  
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, TIES,  
**B. WILLIAMS & CO.**  
Clothes, Hatters and Outfitters  
Klondike Outfits, Half Price  
.. 97 JOHNSON STREET

FIRE  
...INSURANCE

MEISTERMAN & Co., General Agents

## THE LOCAL NEWS.

Use Blue Ribbon Baking Powder.  
Majestic Ranges at Cheapside.  
Smoke union-made cigars.  
Carpenters' Tools at Cheapside.  
Bass' XXXX on draught at the Ocell.  
Dominion bicycles, \$40, at Geo. C. Hinton & Co's.  
If you have beauty,  
I will take it—  
If you have none  
I will make it.  
Savannah, Photo.  
Get photographed free of charge during the next ten days at Jones' studio, Yates street.  
McClary's famous steel ranges and stoves at Clark & Pearson's.  
Stylish American and English Suits at the Sterling, 88 Yates street.  
Drink "Hondii," purest and best of Ceylon teas.  
New Books.—"Black Douglas," by Crockett, the story of the fall of the house of Douglas; also "Joan the Curate," by Florence Warden; and "The Vice of Pells," by Chatfield-Taylor. The Victoria Book & Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's).  
Special lines in Art Cretonnes and Muslins at Weiler Bros'. Also an elegant range of Satceens.  
New Wall Papers for spring trade—some things special in Ingrains. Weiler Bros.  
Prof. Charles Gartner, B. A.—Vocal and instrumental music. Latest European methods. Studio 85 Five Sisters block.  
The only practical repair men in Victoria—Onions & Plimley, 42 and 44 Broad street. Sole agents for Hartford and Durham Tires.  
The largest stock of fishing tackle in the city just received direct from England at Henry Short & Sons', 72 Douglas street. Established 1862.

## When Eve

had a conference with the serpent little thought of the great number of her fair daughters who would be riding .....

"Perfect"  
...Bicycles

Can you blame the ladies for falling in love with our wheels? Of course we have them's wheels too and our prices are \$60, \$50 and \$40.

## G. C. Hinton &amp; Co.

62 Government Street.

Canada's Chess Champion.—The telegraphic advices appear to be slightly in error with regard to the gentlemen who on Thursday became chess champion of Canada, and who was described in the press telegrams as Marcus Smith, of Winnipeg. Magnus Smith is the name, and he was for some time a resident of Vancouver. Mr. Piper of this city never measured his strength against him, for the reason that in the battle with San Francisco, Mr. Smith made so poor a showing that it was evident he was not in the same class as the Victoria expert.



There is no part of our business which does not receive its full share of attention, and the stock of Drugs, Medicines and Toilet Goods we carry are of prime quality and freshness. Our prescription department, however, is considered the most important, and the utmost care is exercised in compounding and filling orders.

The purity of the drugs used and accuracy in measuring and weighing ensure perfect results.  
**G. H. BOWES Chemist**  
Tel. 425. 100 Gov't St., near Yates St.

WE GUARANTEE  
PURITY AND ACCURACY

In compounding  
physicians' prescriptions.  
Hall & Co., Dispensing  
Chemists,  
Clarence Bldg.  
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

See the "Perfect" chainless bicycles—ladies' and gents'—at Hinton's.

Only Two Vags.—Two transient visitors to the city were honored with invitations to appear in the police court yesterday, but neither attended nor sent their regrets. Warrants have now been issued for their arrest.

Busy Eagles.—The initiation of members into the new lodge of Eagles in this city kept the organizers and visiting brethren busy from Saturday evening until last night. The visitors returned to Vancouver and the Sound last night.

Baptists Entertain.—A very pleasant entertainment was provided last evening at the Baptist mission on Burnside road, the members of the Young People's Union of Calvary church being largely responsible for the excellent programme.

Will Meet This Evening.—A special meeting of the managers of the J.B.A.A. is to be held this evening when among other business the desirability of incorporating lacrosse in the sports of the club will receive consideration. At present a majority of the playing members of the lacrosse club are also members of the J. B. A. A.

Death of Mrs. Pierre.—An old and much respected citizen was gathered in by the Reaper Death on Sunday afternoon when Mrs. Anne Elizabeth Pierre, wife of Thomas W. Pierre, died at the family residence, on Pioneer street, lacking three years of the allotted three score and ten. The deceased lady was a native of Norfolk, Va., and came here with her husband in the sixties. A family of three daughters and two sons besides a devoted husband are more immediately bereaved. The funeral takes place to-day.

The Ladies Entertain.—The racquet court at the Work Point barracks was the scene a few evenings ago of a most enjoyable social and dance, the hostesses of the occasion being the ladies who have attended the weekly dances given during the season by the Garrison Quadrille Club. A well arranged programme was admirably carried out under the direction of Gunner Lyons, R.M.A., as master of ceremonies; and the Lombard orchestra subsequently provided music for the dancing.

Lillian Post Is Dead.—It is only a week since the fact was announced that Lillian Post, the strong-lunged nuisance "Spider and Fly" combination, had been sent to a private asylum for the insane, overstudying having upset the balance of her mind. She died three days later. Although but 38 years of age, Lillian Post had had three husbands and leaves a son, Ralph Blair, who is nineteen years of age, and has been in the theatrical business for two years.

A Strong-Lunged Nuisance.—Once again complaints are becoming common in regard to the strong-lunged nuisance the hotel runner, who not content with wrecking the typhannums of incoming travellers at the inner wharves, insists upon taking possession of them, bag and baggage in manner that is little less than an assault. There are, too, a number of men engaged as runners at present who do not wear the name of any hotel upon their hats and thus slip down upon the wharves unobserved. To these as well as to the nuisance generally the police might well give attention.

You can always repair  
sure, a Rambler specialty.

## G. H. BOWES

"Albert Ross" Coming.—A letter from San Francisco states that after enjoying several months in California, Mr. L. B. Porter, the novelist who under the name of "Albert Ross" has been producing ultra-realistic novels at the rate of two per year for the past twelve years or more, is now preparing for a short tour in British Columbia, after which he will go to Japan by one of the Empresses. The "Albert Ross" or "Albatross" series of readers, although they have been unmercifully slated by the better writers and critics, as purulent and disgusting, utterly devoid of art, and a menace to the public in their corrupting tendencies, during the past three months, to quote the Examiner, Mr. Porter has been engaged on the completion of a novel which will bear the title of "The Naked Truth"—the story of a self-made, modern woman—several of the scenes of which are laid in Denver, Coronado Beach and San Francisco.

Rival Hypnotists.—There are now two exponents of hypnotism in Victoria preparing for professional tours a la McEwen upon which they will embark in the form of a fortnight or three weeks. The first is Mr. Poston, the Port street photographer, who claims to have been making a study of mental science during the past thirty years. He has been making "tests" privately three days a week lately, and on Sunday had Mrs. Pedgman, the wife of a Douglas street cleaner and tailor, in a cataleptic sleep through the entire afternoon and evening—he claims with complete success. There are others who witnessed part of the sleep who allege that it was only partial and that no medical men were present, even going so far as to say that a competent physician if consulted would have refused to allow a woman of Mrs. Pedgman's organism to become a subject. The second of the embryo exponents of hypnotic and mesmeric science is Mr. Schroeder, the subject and assistant for Professor McEwen, who did the sleep for that gentleman in the window of the Victoria Furniture Co. He will make his debut as a professional hypnotist here in about one week's time.

Died at Stratford.—Mrs. Eckstein, wife of L. P. Eckstein, died last week at Stratford, Ont. The deceased was 28 years of age.

Lost Her Valuables.—Miss E. Telfor, of 107 Blanchard street, yesterday reported to the police that her residence had been broken into and a gold watch and chain, locket, ring and other jewellery and \$5.15 in cash had been stolen.

Episcopal Convocation.—Bishop Perrin, Archdeacon Scriven, Rev. W. D. Barber and Rev. R. A. Bosanquet, the latter of Nanaimo, left last evening for Seattle to attend a convocation of Episcopal ministers.

Barber Released.—The application of Mr. T. M. Miller for the release of H. C. Barber, arrested on a capias at the instance of Mrs. Walt, of the Vernon hotel, who claimed a board bill of \$215, was yesterday granted by Mr. Justice Drake. The reason given for the decision was that the affidavit of the statement of cause was not sufficient to justify the arrest.

"Robin Hood."—Final arrangements are being made for the production of the opera "Robin Hood" under the direction of Mr. F. Victor Austin on Wednesday and Thursday evenings. A full dress rehearsal was held at the Victoria theatre last evening and proved most successful, while the demand for seats when the box plan was opened yesterday showed that there will be crowded houses. Photographs of the principals in costume have been placed in several stores.

Church Parade.—The First battalion, Fifth regiment, turned out 150 strong for the spring church parade. Headed by the band they marched through the city from the Drill hall to St. John's church, where Rev. Percival Jones preached. The men made a splendid appearance. A battalion order just issued by Col. Gregory says: "Officers commanding companies will prepare their acquaintance rolls and have them signed at once in order that there may be no delay in forwarding them after inspection."

Borne to the Grave.—A very large number of citizens on Sunday attended the funeral of the late Joseph Davies, which took place from the residence of Mrs. Hyams, Pandora avenue, to the Jewish cemetery, Cedar Hill road. The members of the Victoria Typographical Union and the local lodges I. O. O. F. attended in a body, and during the funeral the fire bells were tolled as a last mark of respect to a member of the old volunteer fire department. Jewish funeral services were conducted at the residence and the cemetery by Mr. M. Moses and Mr. H. L. Salmon, while the Odd Fellows' rites were conducted by the lodge chaplain, Rev. W. D. Barber. The pall bearers were: Chief Deasy, F. Fell, R. Butler, J. Pottinger, F. Shakespeare and James Bland.

New Superintendent.—Alex. Robinson, B.A., of Vancouver, yesterday entered upon his new duties as superintendent of education. He is for the present making the Driford his home. Seen at the departmental offices during yesterday, Mr. Robinson explained that he had not yet fairly got into the harness, and therefore could not discuss his official policy. For the present he would depend largely upon the advice of Inspector Wilson in the conduct of departmental business. As for the suggestions of the Teachers' Institute with regard to the conduct of educational affairs, he had seen the published reports and heartily approved of some of the suggestions at least. "You can say for the benefit of the Colonist and Victorians," said Mr. Robinson with a laugh in concluding the brief interview, "that I have neither horns nor cloven hoof." He had been anticipating much from the Victorians, he said, and intimated that he was somewhat disappointed not to find an angry populace with guns, pistols and pitchforks at the wharf to welcome him.

The Spring Assizes.—This morning at 11 o'clock the spring session of the court of assize will open in the Supreme court building. The president of the court, Mr. J. L. Belyea prosecuting the several cases in behalf of the crown. In the retrial of Regina v. Sonner, Mr. H. D. Helmcken appears for the Indian prisoner, and in Regina v. Pennock, theft, Mr. George A. Stewart Potts is the defending counsel. The only other item on the docket is the assault case of Regina v. Ah Chin. It will be noticed that the case of Regina v. Nunn, perjury, has been stricken from the list. This is in consequence of a decision given yesterday by Mr. Justice Drake. Mr. George E. Powell, acting on behalf of Mrs. Nunn, the defendant, applied for her release on the ground that the commitment was irregular. On the first day of the preliminary hearing but one justice of the peace presided, while during the rest of the hearing two presided. The commitment was quashed and Mrs. Nunn's bondsmen were released from their bonds. The crown may present an indictment to the grand jury and bring the case before the assizes in that way.

That Long-Delayed Report.—It was a practice of the Turner government to have all the reports of public departments printed promptly as they were received from the practical heads of such departments, and laid before the members of the legislature while they were in session. This practice has become obsolete under the new regime, and in consequence neither the report of the superintendent of education nor that of the deputy minister of agriculture has yet seen the light in print, although both were presented prior to the close of 1898. As to the reason for the non-publication of the former, the Teachers' Institute say it is to ask fewer questions at their recent convention in this city. Inspector Wilson, to whom these

questions were addressed, was obliged to reply plainly that he didn't know. Dr. S. D. Pope, the late superintendent of education, was asked the same question yesterday by a Colonist representative, and he could give no reason—though suggesting that a desire to economize might have led the government to suppress his own and Mr. Anderson's reports. This had, he observed, been asked for and presented in December last. Then Hon. Mr. Martin, minister of education, was appealed to, and promptly terminated the anxiety. It will please the minister himself, that the report has not yet been published as he has not had time as yet to read it through. It will, however, be printed and distributed in due course—coincident possibly with the last chapters of Scribner's history of the Spanish-American war.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Mistake in Names.—In the notice of the "Iolanthe" performance which was furnished by our Vancouver correspondent in Sunday's paper, Miss Hayward was credited with a double encore. It was Miss Gaudin who received this mark of appreciation from the Vancouver audience.

Smart Weed and Belladonna, combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters take best in the market. Price 25 cents.

## HONDI is in everybody's mouth.

Kindness Appreciated.—Mr. J. C. Voss, proprietor of the Hotel Victoria, has just received a letter from Mr. Hugh Lely, of Grantham, Eng., with reference to the lamentable death of Arthur Lely, his brother, some few weeks ago. Mr. Hugh Lely states in most appreciative terms his gratitude to Mr. Voss for the generous and kindly manner in which he attended to all arrangements in connection with the interment of the unhappy young man.

Want Laws Enforced.—At a special meeting of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council held last evening a resolution was passed and will be forwarded to the minister of the interior drawing attention to an item which appeared in a local paper stating that twenty men had been brought out from Pittsburg to work on the construction of steamers at Lake Bennett. This, the resolution continues, is an infraction of the alien labor law. The minister will also be asked to appoint an agent in Victoria to enforce the law. Another resolution was passed asking the city council to enforce the wash-house regulations by-law, and the council also discussed the sanitary condition of Chinatown.

Still Looking for Shepherds.—Neither Calvary nor Emmanuel Baptist church has yet been successful in securing a permanent pastor, although the congregation of the former are still hoping that Rev. J. A. Gordon, of St. John, N. B., will find it possible to accept the call extended to him. He has wired that he will give the matter consideration, and in the meanwhile supply is being arranged from week to week, Rev. J. E. Coombes being the preacher last Sunday. The congregation of Emmanuel, in their search for a shepherd, have just received another discouraging communication. Rev. J. T. Ganong, of Hamilton, N. Y., to whom a call was extended at the annual meeting, telegraphing that he cannot accept.

## Go and See Those

Duck and Denim Suits  
and Skirts....

## THE WHITE HOUSE

## Delta Farming Lands

## FOR SALE

Six separate pieces of land fronting on Canoe Pass, at present under cultivation and ready for crop, varying in size from 14½ to 55 acres. These properties are thoroughly dyked and drained, and are the richest and most productive kind of Delta land; also different farming properties throughout the Delta of the Fraser.

Plans and full particulars can be obtained from

## PEMBERTON &amp; SON, Victoria, B. C.

## MANTELS, GRATES, and TILES,

Complete Fireplace Outfits in Latest Designs always on hand. An inspection invited. Call and see them at Cor. Langley and Courtney sts. Near Post Office.

Agent for... LUXFER PRISITS. W. J. ANDERSON

## A BICYCLE

## and a GIFT.

From April 3 to May 1, every purchaser of a new bicycle from us will receive an envelope containing the name and value of a gift, which they will receive, selected from our large stock of bicycle sundries, musical instruments, etc., etc.

The following are some of the handsome gifts: Guitar, Mandolin, Violin, Banjo, Autoharp, Meloharp, Zither, Music Stand, Music Satchel, Cyclometer, Bicycle Lamp, Luggage Carrier, Hockey Goods, Golf Goods, Tennis Goods, Accordion.

The goods will be on exhibition in our windows, the values ranging in price from \$1.25 up to \$10.

Remember, our prices remain the same.

COLUMBIAS, \$52.00, 57.00, 85.00  
CLEVELANDS, \$40.00, 55.00, 65.00, 80.  
CRESCENTS, \$33.25, 38.00, 47.50, 75.

## M. W. WAITT &amp; CO., No. 60 Gov't St.

REPUDIATE MR. FERGUSON.  
He Was Never Heard of in the Capacity  
of an Engineer in Toronto.

Despite the fact that Mr. W. B. Ferguson claims to have received telegrams from Toronto thoroughly confirming the letters of recommendation which he presented to the mayor and council of Victoria, the gentlemen who are supposed to have signed his credentials strangely enough repudiate him directly and positively. Assessment Commissioner Fleming and Frank Shanley, C. E., say that they never heard of Mr. Ferguson in the capacity of an engineer, while the other "friends" of the late appointee are thus quoted in the columns of the Mail and Empire: "Controller Burns, when interviewed by a Mail and Empire reporter last night, denied that he had ever assisted Ferguson in securing any position. He knew the man for years, he said, but was unaware that he was an engineer. The first he knew of Ferguson's appointment was when the latter came into his office, just before leaving for Victoria, to say good-bye. Controller Burns had expressed surprise at Ferguson getting the position, and had asked how he had managed to secure the prize. The newly-appointed engineer had stated that Engineer Jennings had used his influence and was largely instrumental in securing it for him. Ferguson had never asked the controller for any recommendations; but had been employed by him at one time, doing carpenter work. Ex-Ald. Carlyle also warmly denied the statement that he had been instrumental in securing any position for Ferguson. He did not know that he was an engineer, but believed that he had at one time been a brick pavement inspector in the employ of the city."

## THE B. C. GOVERNMENT.

An Assay of the Martin Government by the Editor of the New Denver Lodge.

Here is how the New Denver Lodge in its characteristic fashion assays the Martin-Semlin-Cotton government: "The British Columbia government is located at Victoria and can be traced as far as Vancouver. It is plainly visible during the winter months, and its brains can occasionally be seen by the aid of a mogul X ray. It works for Joe Martin as well as the down-trodden taxpayer. It aims to cut down everything and believes that the devil should take care of all supporters of the late Turner government. It has not yet been snowed-blind by public opinion or railed by the victims of cheap salaries. It has not stood the test of time, but its pay-stroke of economy is growing wider. It is a cheap government, and no one should be without it. Go in and see it when you reach Victoria, but do not tell them you saw this article. They might borrow your paper to save a nickel."

## DR. CHASE'S PREPARATIONS HAVE MERIT.

For piles, eczema, salt rheum, pin worms and all skin diseases Dr. Chase's Ointment is a positive cure. It is recommended by Dr. C. M. Harlan, of the Journal of Health.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, with blower included, will cure incipient catarrh in a few hours; chronic catarrh in one month's treatment.  
Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the only combined kidney-liver pill made and will positively cure all kidney-liver troubles.  
Buy an E. & D. Bicycle and ride the best. Four-point bearings, dust proof, and requires no oiling. J. L. Beckwith, agent, 40 Johnson street.

## ATLIN MINES

## RELIABLE INFORMATION

Can be had by applying to

## RANT &amp; JONES

Notaries Public, Mining Brokers and General Agents

## ATLIN, B. C.

Buy an E. & D. Bicycle and ride the best. Four-point bearings, dust proof, and requires no oiling. J. L. Beckwith, agent, 40 Johnson street.

Buy an E. & D. Bicycle and ride the best. Four-point bearings, dust proof, and requires no oiling. J. L. Beckwith, agent, 40 Johnson street.

Buy an E. & D. Bicycle and ride the best. Four-point bearings, dust proof, and requires no oiling. J. L. Beckwith, agent, 40 Johnson street.

## THE WESTSIDE

Spring Suits  
...For Stylish Women

Ladies who have been waiting the arrival of this shipment will please take notice that it is now to hand. Please make your selections early and avoid disappointment.

## New Spring Jackets....

We choose Jackets as we do Suits and Costumes. We have no hesitation whatever in admitting to you that we look at Style and Finish before we look at Cost. The price mark will adjust itself. The design and the cutting and the fitting will not.

April 7, 1899. The Hatcheson Co., Ltd.

Latest from Klondyke  
Unanimous decision at Miners' convention  
After examination of many Outfits  
we find that the best goods for  
least money came from the  
Old Reliable Clothing House  
of W. J. Wilson Victoria  
B. C.

## E. G. PRIOR &amp; CO.

LIMITED  
LIABILITY

Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.  
VICTORIA, and  
Hastings Street, : Vancouver

## Iron, Steel, Hardware;

Wagons and Vehicles

Miners' and Loggers' Supplies

## Agricultural Implements.

## Massey-Harris Bicycles

\$55.00

## SWEATERS

## For Cyclists

Wearing a sweater means comfort for cyclists. The more comfort you get in riding a bicycle, the more pleasure there is in it. We're selling sensible sweaters for cyclists. Styles and patterns that you cannot get elsewhere. Some beautiful patterns in silk and wool mixtures. These are very handsome, with silk bands around the neck, sleeves and skirt, and the body worked in silk. Price, \$3. And there's twenty-one other patterns of styles here for your choosing, at from 75 cents to \$2.50. They insist on being heard.

And yet these new Bike Suits, at \$5 and \$6.50, with stockings to match, at 75 cents and \$1.25, are equally worthy of mention; as bike suits go, they are easily worth a half more.

## W. G. Gameron,

The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson street.

## At Last... to Anchor

ITH our large and well selected stock of Musical Merchandise, The variety of Pianos is unsurpassed in the Province.

Profits Small and Terms Satisfactory.

Sole Agents for the

Newcombe, Emerson and Knabe Pianos.....

Fletcher Bros.

93 Gov't St. 2 doors from B.C.M't

## GET YOUR BICYCLES OVERHAULED, CLEANED and ENAMELLED.

BEST WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

At the I.X.L. CYGLERY

65 Yates Street, Opp. Fire Hall.

## The GRANVILLE SCHOOL

1175 Haro St., Vancouver.  
BOARDING and DAY SCHOOL for GIRLS  
Mademoiselle Kern, Principal  
The Midsummer Term will begin April 10th. Prospectus on application.

## FOR SALE

First-Glass Pack Train  
Twenty-seven mules and one bell horse, in the finest condition for work, with apparatus complete. This train was allowed by packers to be the best mule train that worked on the Teallin trail last season, having made one trip more than any other pack train on the road.  
For particulars apply to  
J. GLEARIHUE,  
20 Yates Street, Victoria.

## A FINE SHOWING.

Big Gathering of Steam and Sailcraft at Victoria Yesterday.

March Shipping Reviewed—Boscowitz Picks Up Drifting Boat.

There was quite a gathering of ships in the Roads and about the outer wharves yesterday and on Sunday. A strong southwesterly breeze brought in a number of ships from the Straits, including the overboarded ship Temuco from South America or more recently from San Francisco. The ship had a very hard passage from Iquique. She got within 500 miles of the Cape when the heavy storm struck her and necessitated her return as far as Frisco for repairs. She had her foremast broken, but came originally from Boston where she was built many years ago and was known until the Chinese bought her three years back as the Independence. As for the other newly arrived merchantmen, the British ship British General, Capt. Thomas, was towed into port by the American tug Yucca and goes to Chemainus to load lumber for Australia; the Hawaiian ship Star of Russia is from Honolulu and bound for Departure Bay for coal; and the American bark Alex. McNeil is here to load at the Sayward wharf, having been towed in from Port Townsend by the American tug Holyoke. She was left in Esquimalt, there being no tug available to bring her into the harbor until today. In addition to these vessels the Manauensis arrived after completing her first voyage to the Hawaiian Islands and took up quarters in the Royal Roads; the Tartar sailed to land a pilot white en route to San Francisco; the Unatilla was in outward bound for San Francisco; the Boscowitz arrived from the Fraser to take on cannery supplies, and the colders Minerva and Wellington passed out to sea loaded.

## BLOWN OUT TO SEA.

Part of the Temuco's Crew Have a Disagreeable Experience.

There came near being another boating accident yesterday. The second mate and three men of the ship Temuco had just landed on the wharves of the vessel and were returning to the ship when the strong wind and tide proved too much for them to contend against. Consequently in spite of their efforts they were being rapidly carried in the direction of Trial Island, when the steamer Boscowitz happened along and taking the boat in tow brought all safely back to Victoria. The Boscowitz had been up the Fraser loading tin for the northern canneries and at the time was coming to the outer wharf to complete her cargo. She could not load all offering, and in the evening when she sailed north space available for freight and cabin space was occupied, there being a large swarm of Chinese and besides a full complement of salmon passengers. The latter included Mrs and Miss Todd.

## FREIGHTS DECLINE.

Rain Falling Over California Makes a Difference in Rates.

Shipping business during March is thus described in R. P. Rithet & Co.'s monthly circular: "Taking the decline in grain freights, but which are inclined to hold off in view of the light supply of tonnage and the prospect of a good surplus for export. Recent bounteous rains, extending over the entire state of California have made a wonderful difference in this respect. For new crop loading there has been some business in the United Kingdom or Continent. Lumber freights are better, and under the improved conditions there is not now so much disposition to press into that market vessels that would otherwise take grain."

## ARRIVES FROM HONOLULU.

The steamship Manauensis, formerly of Vancouver and the subject of considerable litigation during her stay in British Columbia, arrived in the Royal Roads from Honolulu on Sunday evening, having had considerable trouble with one of her engines on the way over from the Pearl of the Pacific. One passenger was landed from the steamer here, and the officers of the ship thought no later particulars of the Chino-Japanese plantation war than were contained in the despatches concerning that difficulty that were sent out from San Francisco, save that upwards of twenty Japanese had been arrested, one of the injured Chinese had died, and further trouble was generally apprehended although martial law had been declared. She was still lying in the Roads last evening, awaiting orders.

## MARINE NOTES.

The steamer City of Kingston was late in arriving last evening, having been detained in Tacoma undergoing her annual inspection. She has now passed both the American and Canadian examinations.

The British ship Castor left for Port Blakeley yesterday for lumber cargo. Steamer Tux was floated off the Esquimalt dry dock yesterday.

Steamer Cottage City is due from the North to-day.

ENTERED.

Str. Chamer from Vancouver.  
Str. Kingston from Port Townsend.  
Str. Unatilla from Port Townsend.  
Str. Pioneer from Port Townsend.  
Str. Thistle from Nanaimo.  
Str. Staffa from Vancouver.  
Str. Holyoke from Port Angeles.  
Str. Oscar from Nanaimo.  
Str. Lorne from Nanaimo.  
Str. Alex. McNeil from Port Townsend.

CLEARED.

Str. Chamer for Vancouver.  
Str. Kingston for Port Townsend.  
Str. Holyoke for Port Townsend.  
Str. Sea Lion for Port Townsend.  
Str. Pioneer for Nanaimo.  
Str. Boscowitz for Vancouver.  
Str. Staffa for Vancouver.  
Str. Unatilla for San Francisco.

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Carter's Little Liver Pills, which are made for the blood.

## GREATER BRITAIN'S DUTY CALL.

Workshops formerly unchallenged. Shipyard once without a peer. Now acknowledge giant rivals. Forging forward year by year.

Hostile powers, fearful, grasping. Danger to devour the weak. Stand allied with the brave. And mighty Britain's downfall seek.

Freedom, Christian faith and justice. Follow where her flag is unfurled. Even her foes allow her title. Colonizer of the world!

Richer grows the Empire daily. Enriches its breadth extends. Yet, unaltered, every haven. Every hamlet she defends.

Let her shielding strength be shattered. Let the victorious foe advance. We may groan beneath the Russians. Feel the clutch of frenzied France.

Colonies! behold your danger! Grapple! for it grows apace. Your duty is to guard the Empire. Weid, uplift the British race.

Freely take of what she offers. Ample give her of your best. Bear your share of Britain's burden—Patriotism's truest test.

Drill your regiments of rifles. Lines of battle-craft maintain. Make and man your own defenses. Striving for the common gain.

Chain your capitals with cable. World-encircling land to land. Let governments co-operate. Your chieftains working hand in hand.

Hold your statements true to Britain. Prove that, what your shores have been. You are still and ever will be. Subjects loyal to your Queen.

March 13, 1899. —GLEN.

## QUAINT SAYINGS.

It is interesting and instructive to read bright and well constructed advertisements. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co., of San Francisco, must have been at a great and taken everything home with them. They are using a bright selection of quaint old sayings and proverbs as the starters in a series of clever advertisements, wherein the proverbs are neatly turned and paraphrased to fit the subject matter. The public like this breezy advertising as it reminds of other proverbs and opens up discussion.

## REPORTED PROMOTION.

Bishop Christie Said to Have Been Recommended for the Archbishopric of Oregon.

The report current some weeks ago that Right Rev. Bishop Christie was to be appointed archbishop of Oregon, in which archdiocese are included the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana and the province of British Columbia, has been revived and this time apparently with more foundation. A private message received from Portland on Sunday from an authoritative source stated that Bishop Christie had been selected for the important position. When shown the telegram yesterday Bishop Christie said he had no official information for publication. On a previous occasion when asked as to the truth of a similar report the Bishop stated that he hardly expected to be removed from Victoria so soon after his appointment to this diocese, but it is evident that he is about to receive the appointment or probably has been recommended for it by the council of ecclesiastics whose advice the Pope seeks in making appointments in America. The recommendations are invariably acted upon, but are not made public until the appointment is made from Rome.

This will be the second occasion on which a Catholic bishop of Vancouver Island has been made an archbishop, the previous one to be so honored being Archbishop Seghers, who was murdered in the Yukon valley in the early eighties. Although here but a few months Bishop Christie has made and started many improvements and had more in contemplation, which will no doubt be carried out by his successor should he be sent to Portland to succeed the late Archbishop Gross.

## Fountain of Health and New Life

## Paine's Celery Compound

Is the Mightiest and Most Effective of all Known Spring Medicines.

Is an Eminent Physician's Prescription.

Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., a leading professor in the celebrated Dartmouth Medical College, first prescribed what is now known as every home of the civilized world as Paine's Celery Compound, a positive cure for the common ailments and diseases of spring, such as blood troubles, kidney and liver complaints, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, neuritis and rheumatism.

As a spring medicine, Paine's Celery Compound now occupies first place in the estimation of medical men. It has been tested by members of the profession in cases where ordinary prescriptions have failed, and in every instance the wonderful compound has maintained its claims and banished disease.

The action of Paine's Celery Compound on the nervous system in spring time is marvellous in health producing results. It quickly purifies the vitiated and impure blood, braces the nerves, rebuilds the tissues, adds to flesh and weight, increases the appetite, augments the powers of assimilation, and keeps the whole digestive organism in proper repair.

Paine's Celery Compound has done a grand work for millions in the past. Surely this is the best guarantee for those who are now ailing and physically broken down. Every city, town and village in this vast Dominion can furnish its proofs of the virtues of Paine's Celery Compound, well attested cures.

A few bottles of the great spring medicine used at this time will give to every man and woman the blessing they are so earnestly seeking—true health.

## A SURE SUCCESS.

Attack on Fort Macaulay a Feature of Birthday Celebration.

Four Days Holiday Making but Committee Pay for Only Two.

Four days will be devoted to the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday this year, if the recommendations of the committee appointed to draft a programme is adopted by the general committee. This sub-committee met last evening and decided on four days' celebration, but only two to be occupied with the events arranged by the committee, the other two days to be left open for bicycle, lacrosse and other clubs to provide entertainment.

Capt. Pinnis, the senior naval officer on the station, was on hand and announced definitely what could be done in the way of a naval display. He had communicated with Col. Grant, of the regulars, and Col. Peters, of the Militia, on the subject, and was therefore prepared to say what could be done. He proposed to bring the ships around off Macaulay Point, to fire a grand salute sharp at noon, and to land his men and attack the forts, which would be defended by the regular and militia regiments; after which he would have three cheers for the Queen, a feu de joie and a march past. His programme would begin at 2 and end at 5. For the second day he would propose a regatta.

Col. Grant and Col. Peters spoke in accord with Capt. Pinnis, and suggested that the military and naval displays be given in the afternoon, and the regatta and the regiments will be invited to take part.

Thus the entertainment for the afternoon of the 24th being finally settled, the length of the official programme was the subject for considerable discussion, with the result that four days were decided on, two of which the provision was arranged. The programme for the other two days was left in the hands of the general committee to be arranged among the clubs, etc., but without the financial support of the committee.

The two days' programme provided is as follows: For Wednesday—Forenoon, firemen's races; afternoon, from 2 to 5, military and naval engagement; evening, illumination and band concert at Beacon Hill. Thursday—Morning, firemen's tournament; afternoon, regatta; evening, band concert.

It was unanimously agreed to recommend that no appropriations be made for the celebration, but that the celebration be held on the other two days with other similar features, if those interested wish to arrange for them.

## OPERA BY AMATEURS.

How the News-Advertiser Critic Regarded the Performance of "Iolanthe" by Victorians.

The following highly appreciative notice of the performance of "Iolanthe" by the amateurs of Miss Marrack's company appears in the News-Advertiser, the critic of which paper is not given to fulsome flattery of either amateurs or professionals: "Seldom has an amateur company given a performance before a smaller and a more appreciative audience in the Vancouver opera house than the Victorians who so successfully produced Gilbert & Sullivan's 'Iolanthe' last evening. The entire production was given with an evenness and graceful charm that could not fail to draw applause and admiration, and Miss Edith Lombard, by her sweet and becoming rendition of the title role but more clearly mirrored the grace and charm which characterized the complete performance. Her dainty bearing, sweet singing and apt portrayal of the character of the fairy mother, was the brilliant gem in a gold setting, without which the latter would show to but little advantage. But Miss Lombard's work was by no means the only feature worthy of special notice in the production, although it carried with it that grace that disarms severe criticism of the little flaws that are unavoidable in an amateur production. The dainty shepherdess, 'Phyllis,' was effectively represented by Miss Hartnagle, whose vocal contributions in solo, trio and quartette, as well as in 'You and I' and other duets, with her animated lover, 'Strephon,' were among the principal features of the opera, and the tripping Australian shepherdess, 'Patsy,' was no doubt the most successful of the entire production. Lack of facial expression and perhaps want of warmth and coyness were possibly too apparent in her several flirtations, although in her final reconciliation with 'Strephon' the maiden lover was admirably portrayed. Of her suitor it suffices to say that Mr. C. W. Rhodes is ever a welcome figure on the amateur stage. His strong voice, clear enunciation and the fire and humor he imparts to his characters win for him the goodwill of an audience immediately."

One of the most striking and effective figures on the stage during the evening was Miss Mabel Gaudin, the Fairy Queen; her calm, regal bearing, impassive face and clear, commanding tone suited well the role she occupied, while her singing drew evidence of approval from the audience. In attendance upon her fairy husbands were the Misses Lugin, E. Schl and Hayward, whose graceful bearing and pretty fairy costumes added much to the pleasing spectacle.

The chorus of fairies who followed in the train of the stately queen acted, sang and danced with effect and in a manner worthy of special praise and deserving much credit on those under whom they were trained. The train included the Misses Askew, Morrison, Hayward, Hall, Hitt, Wilson, Newbury, Nesbitt, Acton, Austin, Goward, Saunders, Colquhoun, Kito, F. Kito, Hibben, Russell and E. Russell. The fairy costumes and dresses in themselves formed a pleasing picture, which was more enhanced in the clever fairy dance given between the acts, under Miss Underhill's direction.

The role of 'Lord Chancellor' was in the capable hands of Mr. Bradburn, who fully entered into his part and carried it out with great success, his humorous songs causing him to be recalled on more than one occasion. The 'Earls of Toller' and 'Montarant' were portrayed by Messrs. H. J. Cave and G. Phillips, respectively, each adding a certain pleasing individuality to his role, while, as train-bearer to the 'Chancellor,' few could carry out the part with more dignity and thorough conception of the role than did Mr. Schofield.

Mr. O. H. Arundel, as 'Privat Williams,' of the Vancouver Grenadier Guards, on sentry duty outside the houses of parliament, sang and acted with ability and added color and effect to the closing scene. Limited space prevents a more extended notice of the really pleasing production being given, but one feels that all who attend the second performance, to be given this evening, will not regret the time so spent. Much credit is due to Messrs. E. J. Bradburn and J. M. Bradburn, director and stage manager respectively, for the success of the opera."

The company returned home to Victoria by Saturday evening's steamer, well pleased with their trip and conscious of having given good performances, although the attendance at each was most discouragingly small. On Friday evening a large number of the company attended the performance at the Vancouver Bicycle Club's hall. It is probable that a third performance will shortly be given in this city.

MONTAGUE OF DUNVILLE CURED OF ULCERATED ITCHING PILLS.

Mr. Robert Montague, of Dunville, Ont., writes:—"Was troubled with itching piles for five years and was so badly maddened so that I could not sleep. I tried almost every medicine known when I was recommended to use Dr. Chase's Ointment. I purchased a box and from the first application got relief. Have used two boxes and am now completely cured."

INDIAN TRADITIONS.

An Interesting Talk by Father Brabant at the Natural History Society Meeting.

One of the most interesting meetings of the season of the Natural History Society was held last evening in their rooms. There was a very large attendance, and among those present as visitors were Rev. Father Brabant, of Hesquet, and Rev. Father Van Nessel, of Clayoquot. The former has been twenty-five years among the Indians of the West Coast and is thoroughly familiar with their habits, customs and language. He gave a very interesting talk on some reminiscences, especially relating to the traditions of the visit of Capt. Cook and Capt. Vancouver, the Spanish occupation and the loss of the Tonquin, and which is definitely located near Leonard Island in Clayoquot Sound. He also gave a lot of information about the Indians of the West Coast and many other things referred to certain personal experiences of an unpleasant character. He was shot twice by an Indian chief at the time of the smallpox epidemic, and was threatened by the Nootkas with a similar fate. Some day probably Father Brabant will write fully his experiences of the West Coast.

A paper was read by Mr. J. W. McKay, of the Indian office, on "Indian Music," which will form a valuable contribution to the society's archives. He described the Indians as only moderately musical, and gave an interesting discourse on the characteristics of their compositions and performances. Of all the Indians of British Columbia those of the Fraser and the South Coast were the most musical. They had, he said, no musical instruments. All Indian airs were of a plaintive character, a melancholy cadence pervading all their numbers, and set in a minor key. Their songs were without words, except as introduced by song and to a greater or less extent explained their mental characteristics and various moods. Mr. McKay gave one vocal illustration of their songs. The paper was well received.

Mr. O. C. Hastings presented a collection of mice and birds collected by him while North of the Fraser, a collection of shells, and Mr. Deans a brick from an Indian altar.

The treasurer's statement was submitted, showing \$86 in hand. Although the receipts were larger than last year, the surplus was smaller, owing to the large expenditure in fitting up the new quarters.

Monthly Meeting.—The regular monthly meeting of the Y's will be held tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Forman, Stanley avenue.

Native Sons.—The Native Sons of British Columbia met last evening and initiated candidates.

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## Metropolitan Bakery

We lead in choice cakes and confectionery. Our Golden Rod Cycle and Magnolia Cakes are in great demand with our patrons. You are missing a treat if you have not tried them. For afternoon tea parties, etc., we recommend our Charlotte Russe Balls and our dainty Charlotte Russe Cakes. Cream Puffs with cream that is pure, and Shells that are nice to look at and good to eat.

See our Nugget Cake, a Gift Edged Investment

39 Fort St., Victoria.

J. F. Charlie Bo

MEN'S SUITS Made to Order Warranted to Fit

Ladies' Tailor Ma'e Suits. Best Quality, Fit and Style.

We have a large stock of cloth in great variety, to be sold at low prices, the sale beginning Monday, April 10, and continuing for two weeks.

27 STORE STREET

W. F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST (Heldberg and Leipzig)

Late official analyst for the province of New Brunswick. Assays and analyses of ores, minerals, fertilizers, waters, drugs, liquors, foods, etc. Office, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C.

NEW SUMMER STUFFS

Just Arrived at

FUGI & CO.

Japanese Merchant Tailors

Come and see our nice patterns. We will guarantee our great experience in this business. The cheapest in the town.

156 Government Street. (Few doors from Victoria hotel.)

Provincial Rights Association, of B.C.

(Temporarily organized in August, 1898. In defence of Provincial Autonomy, truly less invaded by Thomas R. McInnes, Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, and further to guard the rights and liberties of the people against mis-government. A constitutional, and not a party or political organization.)

H. F. EVANS, Secretary. Rossland, B. C.

JEWELRY

Watches, Clocks and Silverware

Can be bought at Stoddart's at prices (considering quality) quite as cheap as the Eastern houses advertise their goods. The customer in buying here will save freight and if the goods are found not satisfactory can obtain an exchange easier than send the goods back to Toronto, etc.

FEW OF OUR PRICES

Waltham Watches from \$5.00  
Eight Watches from \$5.00  
In Solid Silver Cases \$5.00  
Gents' Solid Gold Watches from \$10.00  
Ladies' Solid Gold Watches from \$10.00  
JEWELRY AT SIMILAR REDUCTIONS  
Diamonds set in Solid Gold \$2.00  
Flats from \$1.00  
Solid Gold Rings from \$1.00  
The Handsomest Lady's Gold Ring ever sold for \$2.00

STODDART JEWELRY STORE,

68-68 1/2 YATES STREET.  
Cash purchaser of Nugget Gold to any amount.

J. C. McLaren Belting Co.

PURE OAK TANNED

BELTING

Buy our "Extra" Quality never varies.

MONTREAL. TORONTO.

B.C. YEAR BOOK, 1899

By R. E. GOSNELL

Cloth.....\$1 50 per copy  
Paper Cover.. 1 00 per copy

THE TRADE SUPPLIED.

This book contains very complete historical, political, statistical, agricultural, mining and general information of British Columbia. Profusely illustrated.

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C.

ALL the New Forms Required by the New Customs Regulations

Are to be had at the office of THE COLONIST in any quantity desired

THE COLONIST P. & P. CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B.C.

## MONUMENTS

BRADBURY'S MARBLE WORKS  
Proprietor of the Famous NELSON ISLAND GRANITE QUARRIES. Blanchard St. One block above City Hall.

"FOUR CROWN" Scotch Whisky

AGENTS TURNER, BEETON & CO

# Prohibition prohibits no one from drinking and enjoying Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

## Out of the Mouth of Babes.

What led Herr Schweppe to join the Amantites, no one knew but the elders. The Amantites did not gossip about it. They were not given to gossiping about anything. Work, duty, God—these were all their thoughts. But the visitors to the close-lying Amant villages seldom failed to notice that Herr Schweppe was a gentleman and to wonder how he came to join the Amantites, with their plain clothes and their lives of toil. The mystery was hid in the books of the elders. There was once a visitor who claimed that he had had a glimpse of the page and saw "Bismarck" written twice on Herr Schweppe's record. The name was "Von Schweppe," too, this visitor said, though it was only Schweppe now.

By that as it may. Herr Schweppe's daughter, Annie, bore the traits of noble German birth. She was a dark-haired, dark-eyed maid, appearing among the other girls of the community like a bit of Sevres were surrounded by pieces of useful but homely plain white china. Little did the thrifty, godly Amantites care for such beauty. In Amant a yard of blue calico was accounted as worth far more than a dimple.

The sorrows of exile killed Herr Schweppe when Annie was a child, before she had grown so beautiful. Annie had never seen a mirror, and no one told her of her beauty. Her mother gloated over it in secret. She loved Annie far better than the elders would have sanctioned, but when the child was near she was silent and cold. The life of repression had had its effect on poor Mother Schweppe.

In Amant the elders discouraged love-making. Men and women entered the church by different doors, and a line of sawdust box cuspidors marked off the men's side of the house. But among the Amantites in the Gast-haus. It was Madge and Nora, alas! who put all the mischief into Annie's mind.

June moonlight was falling over the yellow wheat fields, and the fragrance of grapevines blossoms on the wall half hid Annie as she leaned out of the small, square window next the slanting roof of her mother's cottage. It was while Annie was still thinking of the land that might lie outside of Amant that Madge and Nora came along and asked her to go with them to their party.

And Annie stole away, and went. A ghostly little, and was, of Madge and Nora and Annie and only three others, in the hotel kitchen, but as they sat in the glare of the oil-lamp reflector it seemed to Annie the wildest dissipation. Two sheepish young Amantites slouched on the bench at the side of the kitchen, nervously pulling their straw hats over their faces if any one glanced at them. The third young man was entirely unlike these. Annie, big-eyed and (timorous, gazed at him in wonder. He wore such clothes as fitted him; his ruddy hair was brushed back from his ears, not over them, in the fashion of the Amantites. His face was clean shaven, his figure lithe and sinewy, and his merry eyes roved hither and thither while he regarded the company with mirth. It was a mouth-organ which he played, but no matter. To Annie it was heavenly. She had never before heard music of any kind, for the Amantites attached a penalty even to whistling. Suddenly Annie was trembling and sobbing, and the player, conscience-stricken, ceased his melody.

He was not a great stranger to her, as Annie had thought. He had, not so very many years ago, been the boy and man who had been the life of the community. He was none other than Hermann, the son of Herr Tappan, whom Annie had often seen in church when a child. The community had permitted Herr Tappan to send his son away to a college, for Hermann was to be the physician of the community, their Herr Doctor, as they called him.

Hermann understood the timidity of Annie. He, too, had once been restrained till all his thoughts were sadness. He bade the girls take her at once to her mother's cottage, and he watched them all till Annie had disappeared through the window.

But why should the young Herr Doctor come to Mother Schweppe's cottage next day, asking for her famous wine for his patients?

"Knowest thou not I have disposed of it long before this time?" cried Mother Schweppe.

"I thought perhaps thou mightest be making it again," faltered Hermann.

"Make wine in June? What sort of a man!" and Mother Schweppe laughed loudly and unmercifully, much as one of her neighbors might have laughed.

And while her dull eyes were closed in mirth, Hermann pushed into Annie's hand a bit of paper, and Annie, child though she was, hid herself among the grapevines before she dared to open it.

"Thou art most beautiful! I love thee," that was all.

After that it was easy for Annie to climb down by the grapevine from her window, and once she was alone with Hermann, far down the solitary railroad track. But Madge loved Hermann, too, in her way, and being jealous, she told Annie's mother.

The next day the elders came to Mother Schweppe's house. No one smiled, and the interview was full of long silences. Annie was taken down the street, and once she was alone with Hermann, far away from her mother, and gave her a double portion of work. Hermann, too, was taken to a cloister, though he went laughing.

Six months' separation, six months' fasting, prayer and hard work was required, and if after that ordeal the two still wished to be married the elders would consider the matter.

A week passed, Hermann and Annie had sat in their places at the morning service, and it chanced that they, with

meekly folded hands, emerged from the two doors of the church at the same moment. Suddenly each one advanced to the other, they met and walked away together. The elders were so astounded that for a moment no one could speak. There had never been such an audacious breach of the rules. Even the most venerable members of the community were dumfounded.

The whistle of an approaching train awoke them all to action. "Dissoled-ience!" the chief elder cried, and all the elders hurried down the street to the railway station. Here they found Hermann and Annie, impudent and defiant. There was a brief storm of angry words. "We give you but one year to consider," said the long-faced chief elder. "You may never show your faces here again if you come not back within the year."

"Thou, Hermann, leavest thy aged father, and thou, Annie, thy mother," said another, more kindly.

Annie looked down at her blue calico gown and her rough shoes. "What have they done for us?" she cried.

They ascended the steps of the car. "Give them good-bye!" called Hermann petulantly. "We come back no more." And the train pulled away.

"All the world loves a lover," said Herr Tappan to Mother Schweppe, sad, but the lover loves no one but himself and his sweetheart.

So Hermann and Annie went to the city. They were happy, and there seemed to be no ghosts at their fireside. Father and mother think more of their carrots than they do of us," they would say, merrily, when they spoke of Amant at all.

In May their baby was born. He was a beautiful child, and Hermann and Annie were tired of watching him. Hermann could scarcely tear himself away from baby to attend his patients. Contagious diseases he refused to treat. Baby might catch them. Annie's face grew softer as she looked at the child. For hours they would amuse themselves watching him clasp a lead pencil in his chubby fingers. They cut off a lock of his baby hair and saved it in the Bible.

"Whom does the baby look like, Annie?" asked Hermann, carelessly, one day.

"Like you did when you were a baby, I suppose," answered Annie eagerly. Suddenly a startled look came into her eyes. The thought came to Hermann at the same moment. He dropped on his knees before the child. "Did they think of me as we think of our baby?" he whispered. Annie was sobbing. "God may yet forgive us," she cried. "The year is not ended. We may still return."

The good God had not ended Mother Schweppe's life. Herr Tappan, too, was still tending among his vegetables, when Hermann and Annie came back.

"It would have been a year to-morrow already," Herr Tappan said, stolidly; but his withered lips went trembling, and he embraced Hermann and Annie and blessed them.

And Mother Schweppe paddled back to her cellar with a shy smile, returning full-handed. "I have all this time since last autumn kept six bottles of wine for thee, Hermann," she said.

JULIA CRAWFORD UNDERWOOD.

## Markham Marvels

At the Unexpected Recovery of Mr. A. N. Wideman

Who Was a Helpless Cripple—Distorted by Inflammatory Rheumatism. He Could Not Turn in Bed—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him.

Markham, April 10.—The case of Mr. A. N. Wideman, of Duntroon, which appeared in the newspapers last week, is strictly true in every detail, though it reads more like the account of a miracle, than the simple story of a genuine cure of disease.

Mr. Wideman is well-known in Markham, as a steady, industrious and pious man. He is a consistent member of the Old Mennonite Connection; is married, and is a potter by trade.

It was while working in the harvest field, during a period of dullness in his own trade, that he was caught in several sudden and heavy rainstorms. He wore his garments till they were sown the seeds of the disease that caused him so much suffering.

Mortal man could not suffer greater agony than Mr. Wideman did. During three weeks he did not sleep more than three hours. He was worn to a skeleton, and his back was raw with bed sores. Day and night he lay in the same position.

He was very weak and far spent when Mrs. Boyer gave him the few Dodd's Kidney Pills that were, as he says himself, the means of saving his life. His legs were shockingly distorted, and he weighed only 100 pounds.

But in a week after he had taken his first dose of Dodd's Kidney Pills a change was clearly apparent. Every succeeding day saw a marked improvement, and to-day he is earning his own living, and is never troubled by the slightest rheumatic pain. Dodd's Kidney Pills can cure any case of Rheumatism after curing this.

Snow fell in Owen Sound this season to an aggregate depth of twenty feet, seven inches, and the Oldest Inhabitant is thereby reminded of the sort of winters they used to have away back in the eighties.—Toronto Telegram.

It is said that not much enthusiasm is being displayed at Washington over the war in the Philippines and the great American victories reported from there. This is not surprising for little wars of that kind are not well calculated to excite feelings of gladness in the hearts of those who are forced into them. Great Britain has carried on many such contests, and they are among the worst of the burdens of Empire, bringing in no glory and little gain. The present war in the Philippines is likely to be a tedious contest, for the population is large and in measure warlike, and the country is favorable to guerilla warfare.

—St. John Telegraph.

## Experience in England.

Diamond Dyes Have First Place in the Old Land.

A Hamilton Lady Says: "Diamond Dyes are Far Above All Others."

Mrs. J. S. BURTON, Hamilton, Ont., says: "While living in England I had considerable experience in home dyeing work, and never had perfect success till I used the Diamond Dyes. When I came to Canada I still used the Diamond Dyes, and am using them now, and will never have any other kind to do my work. Diamond Dyes are far above all others."

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Sir: We will no doubt have grumbling and discontent in all climes and in all ages, and it is only by comparison with other persons and places that we can arrive at the conclusions that our position and surroundings are not so bad after all. Those of us who may grumble at the climate on the Pacific, if given the opportunity to compare their climate with the capital of the Dominion in the month of April would most likely be cured of grumbling forever as to weather and would come to the conclusion that half a loaf at home was better than a whole one east of the Rocky Mountains. Here we are in the beginning of April with two feet of snow and the country in the firm grasp of King Frost, and in the city the sidewalks a sheet of ice dangerous to life and limb.

It has been often a matter of reflection with me how the masses of the people in this part of Canada manage during the long winter months to dress so well and live so well—support numberless churches and many institutions of a social and charitable character—when the industry and producing power of the country is at a standstill, commerce by lake, river and rail dormant and the land is a cold and dreary waste. Such sub-arctic winter, and yet with such drawbacks to progress there are evidences of prosperity on every hand, with many schemes of a progressive character floating in the commercial and political atmosphere awaiting crystallization.

There are no doubt many ambitious citizens who would like to be ministers of the crown, but let them compare their positions with that of Mr. Sifton, and they will be thankful that they are as they are, and not in Mr. Sifton's shoes.

I send you a short description of Victoria from the C. P. R. guide book found on every train. It is very creditable indeed, coming from a company supposed not to love us—but I do not believe in any ill-feeling—if it existed once, it has passed away. You might publish this in another issue.

VICTORIAN.

Following is the extract referred to: VICTORIA.—Pop. 25,000. Capital of British Columbia, charmingly situated at the southern extremity of Vancouver Island overlooking the Straits of Juan de Fuca to the Pacific and beyond the Gulf of Georgia the Mainland. Across the strait are the beautiful Olympic mountains, and far away at the east the white cone of Mt. Baker. The climate is temperate and healthy. The south of England, and the town is peculiarly English in all its characteristics. Besides the magnificent government buildings which rank amongst the handsomest in America, are city has many fine public and private structures, among them a large and well appointed opera house. Beyond all park grounds, the fine view of the waters and mountains in every side. The city has an extensive trade and many large commercial houses, which do a large business in the fur trade. The Chinese quarter is always interesting to visitors. A railway extends north-easterly seventy miles to the great coal mines at Nanaimo and Wellington. Steamboats afford connections with Vancouver daily except Mondays, when connection is made via New Westminster, and with Puget Sound ports daily except Sundays and steamships depart about every five days for San Francisco, connecting there with Southern California, Mexico and South America. Regular routes to Japan, China, Hawaii and the Philippines. New Zealand and Australia stop at Victoria for passengers and there are regular sailings for Alaska. Points, both for tourists visiting the wonderful fjords of the north coast, and those intending to colonize the great gold belt of the Yukon. Esquimalt harbor, two miles from Victoria, is the British naval station and rendezvous of the North Pacific, with naval stores, workshops, and a number of men-of-war are to be found there at all times, and immense fortifications are being constructed.

AN EXAGGERATION.

Sir: I notice in the Colonist of Sunday, the 9th, an item headed "Gallantly Rescued," etc., which, let me state, I consider savors somewhat of sensational journalism. Although the facts of the case are in the main correct, it is warped in such a manner as to convey the impression that one had actually risked his life to save that of another. Now, sir, the only risk incurred was in descending by a ladder, consisting of a few steps, kneeling on a raft and taking the boy from the water, in doing which I did not even wet my shoes. I trust you will favor me by inserting this explanation.

W. J. CULLUM,

Second Engineer "Quanta."

TEACHING OF HISTORY.

Sir: I notice that after the public meeting upon the subject, the elaborate address of Dr. S. D. Pope concluded, Lieutenant-Governor McInnes, in addressing the meeting, said it was his belief that there were two or three times as many subjects taught in these schools as there should be. Reading, writing, arithmetic, geography and grammar were the subjects that ought to be taught, not forgetting to mention the importance of history, the subject so prominently brought under notice by Dr. Pope's address.

Now, if history is to be taught at our

public schools, surely the history of our country, with its eventful career, should furnish first matter for consideration, for history taught without such teaching would be like the play of Hamlet with Hamlet left out.

But it should be remembered our public school system is based upon its being nonsectarian, and this teaching of history so earnestly advocated by Dr. Pope, to be of any practical benefit—that is, so far as our own country is concerned—cannot be taught, as it would soon be ground, and that, should any of our teachers make the attempt, they would discover they had made a mistake.

W. K. B.

## THE ENGLISH SPARKW.

Sir: In your issue of the 7th I observed a few lines headed "Undesirable Immigrants." Knowing something of this class of settlers (the English house sparrow), I have no hesitation in saying they are worse than the Chinese. Annihilation is the only remedy. I saw a pair fixing up their nest in an old trunk at Beacon Hill the other day. This is the first I have seen on the Island. They are to be found now over a great part of Canada, increasing rapidly in spite of the severe winters. If they get a footing in this genial climate their name will soon be legion. They are very destructive to grain crops when ripening, especially to oats; fruit growers also complain of them. I would suggest that the government give something per head or dozen, and as this kind of sparrows are fond of stopping in and around towns, the boys would soon find some means of reducing if not exterminating the audacious new arrivals.

R. A. S.

## Who is to Blame

If you Neglect Catarrh Until It Becomes Consumption Instead of Curing it by Using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure?

You certainly cannot blame the fates for whatever tendency to consumption you may have inherited, you may keep off consumption by curing catarrh. Lung disease never starts in the lungs. It is always developed from a cold in the head or throat. Quick and decisive action will stop "cold in the head" or catarrh and prevent consumption.

It is impossible to estimate the thousands of lives which Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure has saved by curing this insidious disease, which slowly but surely develops into consumption.

Catarrh is easily detected by the annoying symptoms, such as dropping in the throat, hacking, spitting, choking up of mucus, foul breath, a husky voice, headache and frequently deafness and loss of the sense of smell.

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh and prevent consumption. It is the most popular catarrh remedy on this continent, and is sold everywhere for 25 cents a box, blower free. Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

For a gripe Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine should be used in conjunction with Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, as it loosens the throat and prevents pneumonia; 25 cents a large bottle.

## For Successful Farming

USE FERTILIZERS....

Sulphate of Potash, Muriate of Potash, Kainite, Superphosphate, Nitrate of Soda, Thomas' Phosphate Powder.

APPLY....

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Outer Wharf,

VICTORIA.

## APIOL & STEEL

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Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton.

## EPSS'S COCOA.

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Distinctly everywhere for Delicacy of flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 1 lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPSS & Co. Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

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25 cents.

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Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.

# LIPTON'S CEYLON TEA

Rich, Pure, Fragrant, The Finest Money Can Buy. Over 1,000,000 packages Lipton's Teas sold weekly in Great Britain alone. 1 lb. and 5 lb. canisters. Put up by the grower.

THOS. EARLE, Victoria, Wholesale Agent

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It Warms and Nourishes the Blood. It Renovates the System and gives to it a New Resisting Power against Colds, Chills, and Spring Ailments.

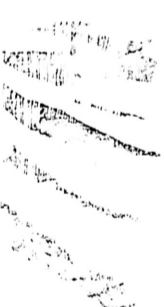
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## Kandy List of Victoria Firms

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS. M. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C. Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

BOOK EXCHANGE. CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buys and exchanges all kinds of books and novels.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS. CHRISTIE & LEWIS—100 Fort street. All orders promptly attended to.

DRAYMAN. JOSEPH HANLEY, Truck and Drayman—Office 26 Yates street; stables 110 Superior street; Telephone 171.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS & EMBALMERS. CHAS. HAYWARD, 62 Government street.

HARDWARE. E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HICKMAN TEE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.—Importers of iron, steel, hardware, pipe fittings, cutlery, etc. Mining and milling supplies a specialty.

HOTELS. OCCIDENTAL—\$1 to \$1.50 per day. Under management of Walter Foster.

IRONWORKS. VICTORIA MACHINERY DEPOT CO., Ltd. (late Spratt & Gray)—Engineers, founders, smiths, etc. 17-19 Work street. Tel. 670.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS. VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS. BEN WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort street, mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

NOVELTY WORKS. L. HAFER, general machinist, 150 Government street.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS. STEINER & EARL, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke st., near Government.

PLUMBERS. E. F. GEIGEL, sanitary plumbing, gas and hot water fitting. Tel. 220.

PHOTOGRAPHERS. MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Fitting store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS. L. GOODACRE, Contractor by appt to Royal Navy and Dominion Government Tel. 82.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO., Ltd., Gov't and Yates sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc., branch Vancouver.

STRAIT DYE WORKS. PAISLEY DYE WORKS—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885. 114 1/2 Yates street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Tel. 200—Largest establishment; country orders solicited. 1st Yates street.

STEAM LAUNDRY. VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY—White labor only. 152 Yates street. Tel. 172.

SCAVENGERS. PETER HANSEN, city scavenger, teamster and wood dealer. Address, 40 Discovery street. Tel. 184.

ED LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Jas. Townsley, 80 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort street; Schroeder Bros., corner Michigan and Menzies, will be promptly attended to.

## Vancouver

Business Directory

AUCTIONEERS. JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street. AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYERS.

BANKS. BANK OF MONTREAL. BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

CANNING SUPPLIES. JOHN LECKIE, 632 Granville street.

MILLERS. TEE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd., millstuffs, etc.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. HENDERSON BROS.

HARDWARE. THOS. DUNN & CO., Ltd., 8 and 10 Cordova street.

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TRETHEWEY & BRITAIN, 105 Cordova street.

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Subscriptions and all kinds of books and papers are earnestly asked for and may be sent to the Institute. Address REV. W. M. H. ELLISON, Harbor Chaplain.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL

REVELSTOCK, B. C. Proprietor. Free bus meets all trains; refurbished and redecorated throughout; well-lighted sample rooms. Headquarters

## THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,  
Victoria, April 10, 8 p.m.  
SYNOPSIS.

A system of low barometer areas are travelling eastward across Canada, while off California high pressure prevails. Showers are setting in over Western British Columbia and the adjoining states. East of the Cascades the weather remains fair, and the temperatures range from 50 in Alberta to 46 in Manitoba.

## TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria .....	39	51
Kamloops .....	38	50
Barcelonnette .....	24	35
Calgary .....	26	50
Winnipeg .....	30	46
Portland, Ore .....	42	50
San Francisco, Cal. ....	48	60

## FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific time) Tuesday:

Victoria and vicinity—Fresh westerly winds; partly fair with occasional showers.

Lower Mainland—Moderate to fresh southwinds; partly fair with occasional showers.

## VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

## SUNDAY, April 9.

Deg.	Deg.
5 a.m. .... 45	Mean .... 49
Noon .... 51	Highest .... 54
5 p.m. .... 47	Lowest .... 45

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. .... 11 miles west.	
Noon .... 20 miles west.	
5 p.m. .... 16 miles west.	

Average state of weather—Fair.

Sunshine—5 hours 18 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.916

Corrected.....29.866

## MONDAY, April 10.

Deg.	Deg.
------	------

5 a.m. .... 41	Mean .... 45
Noon .... 48	Highest .... 51
5 p.m. .... 47	Lowest .... 40

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. .... 10 miles west.	
Noon .... 18 miles west.	
5 p.m. .... 8 miles north-west.	

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

Sunshine—4 hours 18 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed.....29.940

Corrected.....29.885

E. RAYNES REED,  
Provincial Forecast Official.

## PASSENGERS.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

Thos. Higgins.	Mrs. McKilligan.
J. G. Pacey.	Rev. J. C. Speer.
A. L. Fox.	A. M. Couch.
E. F. Reed.	W. Burr.
M. Mondant.	J. E. Hoff.
H. D. Wright.	D. Moran.
J. E. Williams.	A. L. Parment.
H. Fischer.	G. H. Goodwin.
M. Leavy.	Rev. F. Young.
J. S. McKinley.	Geo. Hodgson.
Mrs. McKinley.	Gilbert Young.
T. Elliott.	D. Keeble.
E. Gray.	E. G. Bigger.
Miss Healy.	E. Bigger.
Miss Healy.	M. Gills.
J. B. McKilligan.	F. H. Ripple.
W. R. Johnson.	Mrs. Ripple.
Mrs. Johnson.	J. W. Johnson.
C. L. Wilby.	Mrs. Johnson.
A. Tweedie.	Mrs. Mayer.
W. Chilmann.	Mrs. P. J. Baily.
W. D. Mayer.	

By steamer Princess Louise from New Westminster:

L. Odin.	D. McKee.
S. Sommer.	W. Neale.
C. Carson.	C. E. Greer.
T. P. Meyer.	H. Benson.
C. O. Fisher.	T. E. Laidner.
H. Finley.	Wm. Laidner.
H. Croft.	Rev. J. C. Forster.
W. Ashbury.	Miss Duffy.
Thos. Purcell.	Tal Loy.

## CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Kingston from the Sound:

T. Blanke.	G. Marsden.
G. F. Gold.	F. Campbell.
H. Brayne.	C. E. Greer.
G. C. Hinton.	H. P. McDowell.
Hong Kee & Co.	S. Sea.
Ag't. N. P. Exp. Co.	R. A. Brown.
G. C. Russell.	F. E. Munro & Co.
Fleming Bros.	F. R. Stewart & Co.
C. E. Mitchell.	Sere & Co.
G. R. Stevenson.	Hudson's Bay Co.
R. Maynard.	Sinton Lister.
O. B. Ormound.	J. A. Sayward.
W. C. Knight.	T. N. Hibben & Co.
Hook & News Co.	Shore & Anderson.
Henderson Bros.	A. W. Wilson.
	W. H. Morton.

## FIRE ALARM BOXES.

To ring in an alarm break the glass covering the key, open the door and pull down the hook or the inner door once and let it go; remain at the box to direct the firemen.

All the fire halls are connected with telephone 638.

3—Birdsedge Walk and Superior street, James Bay.

4—Carr and Simcoe streets, James Bay.

5—Michigan and Menzies streets, James Bay.

6—Menzies and Niagara streets, James Bay.

7—Montreal and Kingston streets, James Bay.

8—Montreal and Simcoe streets, James Bay.

9—Dundas road and Simcoe street, James Bay.

14—Vancouver and Burdette avenue.

15—Douglas and Humboldt streets.

16—Humboldt and Rupert streets.

17—Fort and Government streets.

18—Yates and Wharf streets.

19—Johnson and Government streets.

20—Douglas and Fort and View.

21—No. 1 Fire Hall, Pandora street.

22—View and Blanchard streets.

23—View and Cook streets.

24—Yates and Fernwood streets.

25—Junction Oak Bay and Cadboro roads.

26—Cadboro and Richmond roads.

27—Quandra and Pandora streets.

28—Chatham and Blanchard streets.

29—Caladon and Cook streets.

30—Spring Ridge.

31—Douglas and Discovery streets.

32—Government and Princess streets.

33—Kings road and Second street.

34—Fountain, Douglas street and Hillside avenue.

35—Oaklands Fire Hall.

36—Carmichael and Store streets.

37—Discovery and Store streets.

38—John and Bridge streets.

39—Catherine street, Victoria West.

40—St. Andrew street and Esquimalt road.

41—Douglas street and Burnside road.

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## THE COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

## Papers Read at a Government Meeting Held Yesterday Afternoon.

## Miss Perrin on Coming Meeting of International Council.

A general meeting of the Local Council of Women was held yesterday in the council chamber at the City Hall, the committee room, which is generally used being far too small for the accommodation of those attending. A vote of condolence to Lady Aberdeen on the death of her sister—Lady Ridley—was passed and the president, Miss Perrin, then read the following paper on "The International Council of Women":

It has been thought advisable that a short account should be given to this meeting of the International Council of Women. We need to keep in memory a fact which in this distant corner of the world, there is a great danger of our forgetting, that every member of this local council, that is, every member of an affiliated society, is a member of and has a share in the work of the International Council. It is difficult for some of us to realize it, some of us are indifferent, and do not see the use of the knowledge, and do not see the need at all times long for a closer touch with the various branches of the work that are being carried out in the great cities of the world. The larger view one can take of life and of work, the better shall we be able to carry out the details in our own small sphere; and this is the aim of the concentrative and centralization of work; this is an age, too, of association, conference and congress, national, international, universal.

It is thought nothing nowadays for representatives to come from other countries to attend a congress in Montreal or New York for medical or scientific purposes. From all parts of the world next year exhibits will be sent, and people will flock in thousands to Paris—may, even our recreations, cricket, rowing, bicycling, have to be international in their character.

And this is the age, too, of the development of woman's work in every branch, and the good that will be done by capable women of all nationalities meeting together, interchanging information and opinions, and discussing questions of vital importance cannot be overestimated, and even here, by reading accounts, by ourselves studying some of the questions that are brought forward, we may catch a tiny ray of this enthusiasm and be strengthened in our little work in this place.

Again let us remind ourselves of the links of our council chain, beginning with ourselves. Each society sends its president or representative to the executive of this local council, whose duty it is, whether carried out or not, to keep her society informed of the work done at the meetings. The local council, represented on the executive of the national council by its president (which in our case, unfortunately, has to be by a representative appointed in Ottawa). We have the right to send in subjects and resolutions for discussion, and after each meeting we are informed of the work done, and this information is communicated in turn to our own executive.

Still further, the national council is represented on the executive of the International Council by the president and elected delegates, so that just as in a society like the W.C.T.U. or the Y.W.C.A., its members take an interest in the doings of other branches of the work, and especially in those international gatherings which are held from time to time, so we, in this local council, need to insert into our own minds and into the minds of the women of this place, the sure we have in the important meetings of the international council, for whether we think about it or not, it will be a wonderful gathering, long to be remembered by all who are fortunate enough to be present, and it is a matter of which we should be proud during which woman's share in all history has been so increased and developed.

The idea of the International Council of Women is eleven years old. In 1888 at Washington a meeting was convened of a representative assembly of delegates from all major countries, as was possible. No further action was taken until 1893, when the first meeting of the international council was held in Chicago; Lady Aberdeen was duly elected president, and women workers went from the World's Fair to their respective countries, determined to try and form national councils where they did not exist, and the result will be seen this year in London, where the national councils of Great Britain and Ireland, Canada, the United States, Germany, Sweden, New Zealand, New South Wales and Italy will be represented by their presidents and two appointed delegates, when official delegates will be present from France, Holland, Denmark, Belgium, Finland and Switzerland, where national councils are before long to be formed, and representatives from almost all other countries of the world, over 300 having promised to take part in these meetings from countries outside Great Britain.

The representatives of the Canadian national council will be Mrs. Bower, Mrs. Willoughby Cummings and Madame Dandurand. After years of work on the part of the committee and many preliminary meetings, the great International Council of Women will meet in London on June 25, for eight days. The primary object of the international council is to provide a central means of communication between women's organizations in all countries, to give opportunities for women to meet together from all parts of the world to confer upon questions relating to the welfare of the two sexes, and the commonwealth, and is not this really the same object, only on a magnificent scale, as that of the smallest local council—only sometimes from not sufficiently enlarging our horizon, we buried our scope of work to the city in which we reside, to the society in which we are interested, or even to the home in which we live.

The international council, while not allowed to identify itself with any special movements, or to espouse any controversial questions, yet will open its meetings to the free discussion of all important questions. As yet, no concrete or definite preliminary programme has reached us, no names of special speakers are given; but there are five principal sections: 1, education; 2, professions for women; 3, legislative and industrial questions; 4, political; 5, social. These sections are subdivided into fifty different subjects, and include among them papers and discussions on schools and universities, technical education, women as doctors, nurses, artists, writers, inspectors, domestic service, legislation for women and children and international arbitration and women's suffrage are to be given a large public meeting on the evenings of June 27 and 29 respectively. About sixty meetings will be arranged for in the time, and each subject will be opened by an appointed speaker, and the remainder of the time will be given to free discussion, the languages allowed being English, French and German. Three places of meeting have been secured—Westminster, Town hall, St. Martin's Town hall and the Convention hall at the Church House. The preliminary reception will be held on Monday, June 27, and the delegates and speakers are to be hospitably entertained during the week. Already it has been arranged that receptions will be given at the house by the Duchess of St. Stafford, the Surrey house by Lady Catherine, and garden parties at Fulham Palace by the Bishop of London, and at the Grosvenor house by Lady Rothschild. So far all those attending this international council a profitable and enjoyable time is assured, and for us here, let us try and feel that we have an interest in the meetings, for in two personal ways beyond the means of the local council, it is so.

The honor of presiding over these meetings is given to the president of our own national council, and we may be sure that in those meetings we in the extreme West shall not be forgotten by her; and indeed she has already insured us against such a possibility by sending a special invitation to be present at the meetings to Mrs. Baker and Mrs. Hall, two workers whom Lady Aberdeen must always associate with the local council of Victoria; and I think in order that we may let the president of the international council know that we are interested in her important work, we might send a greeting from Victoria on the first day of the meeting.

Another link we have in the person of Miss Theresa Wilson, to whose untiring energy and wonderful business capabilities much of the success of these meetings will be due. When she has finished this work in London she is, as you know, to be the first of our own national council in Ottawa.

From time to time, as we receive it, further information will be given, and in the meantime let us try and quicken our interest in this coming gathering of women, which must result in great benefit not only to those who are long enough to be present, but to all organizations of women's work throughout the world, for the union of all is for the good of all.

There were also well written papers by Mrs. Day on "The Intellectual Nature of Children"; Mrs. Cooper, of Wellington, on "Women's Responsibility in Temperance"; "The Young Women's Christian Association," by Miss Schroeder, and "The Paris Exhibition," by Miss Crease. This latter paper elicited some discussion and resulted in a committee being appointed to consider the possibility of exhibits being sent by the women of Vancouver Island. Miss Crease's paper follows:

Madame President, Ladies and Gentlemen: Fifty years ago if one had heard that all the countries of the civilized world were to be asked to send specimens of their natural productions or samples of their manufactures to one place, one would have said, "The difficulties are too great—it can't be done," or "It is a mad scheme and will produce the most dangerous ill-feeling; let us have nothing to do with it." But brought forward, the noble consort of our gracious Queen, has taught us otherwise, and since 1851 an international exhibition has been proved to be not only a possibility, but a grand success. The benefits are many, but were it only that an immense number of people are given an opportunity of seeing, in a short time and a satisfactory manner what is being done in other parts of the world, it would be much, for endeavor is stimulated, if the object under consideration is better than one has seen before; also admiration may be awakened for a people who have made with appliances one has been accustomed to consider ludicrously inadequate, an achievement which a more highly civilized people could not have produced. There is another reason why an exhibition on an immense scale is likely to produce more than a passing good. Can thousands of people from all quarters of the globe be brought together for any peaceful purpose, do you think, without the thought passing through the minds of many very many, that their country is not always the best way to bring about the general elevation of the human race, and that there is a more lasting glory to be won than can be the reward of any battle, however skillful the general, however brave the men?

Next year (A.D. 1900) there is to be at Paris, as you probably all know, an exhibition on a gigantic scale, at which, besides the more usual display of arts and manufactures and the appliances used in them, there is to be a great stress laid on what may be called "the care and culture of the human race." Information and statistics are being asked for on all possible subjects, and the training of children and adults, in all imaginable things, on apprenticeship, on the protection of child workers, on labor and wages, on protection of workers in factories, on institutions for intellectual and moral improvement, on public welfare, on public charitable relief, and many other things, about which those of us who remember the feeling of desperation that comes from lack of knowledge, would indeed be glad to know what has been proved the best way of managing in countries and places which have had the benefit of long trial and experience.

But perhaps we have a more immediate interest as women of British Columbia, in the women's department of the exhibition, towards which we are asked by the national council of Canada to consider if we are able to contribute. The exhibition opens, all being well, on the 15th of April, 1900, and closes on the 5th of November, a year. It is, however, necessary to let the authorities at Ottawa know by the 1st of June, this year, exactly what, if anything, we can do.

There is a large and prominent building at Paris devoted to colonial exhibits. In this 27,100 square feet are put aside for Canada. Large as this seems, it has been judged altogether too small for the things the Dominion wishes to send; so, after much correspondence, 12,000 square feet of commission in another part of the grounds. Still the complaint is heard of too little room! The result of this, of course, is that the Canadian exhibits will have to be very carefully selected, and exhibitors will doubtless need much forbearance to accept without regret the decision of those who may be appointed to judge what is sent before it is finally shipped to France.

It has been decided that the government will undertake the transportation of all exhibits from certain ports in the Dominion—Montreal, Quebec and Halifax—if sent there by the 1st of November (this year). The packing, unpacking and return of the articles is also to be their business, and the care of them at Paris. Some help is held out that the carriage of things coming from the west of Lake Superior will also be paid for us, but this is uncertain. The local council has already sent to Ottawa for more information. May I propose that when it comes, you try and well to do so, the Mayor should be called to a public meeting of the women of Victoria to consider more fully the possibility and wisdom of our sending exhibits to the women's department?

We are but a small part of a country great in resources and possibilities, but if we are able to show in these early years in a small but satisfactory way that difficulties do not daunt us and that good work can be done without the encouragement of numbers and with little or no applause, I think there is no reason to fear that we shall fall to receive a very sufficient reward.

## WHISKEY

## THE CAUSE. It Was a Smuggling Sloop, Not the Thistle That Went Down.

## Two Men and Two Women End a Debauch by Drowning.

A cargo of tanglefoot whiskey and "square-face" gin, a bibulous crew, and such fierce storms as in the springtime ravage the northern coast of Vancouver Island, make up a bad combination—a combination which on the 17th of March last meant death to four human beings in the northwest extremity of Broughton strait, and the loss of as staunch and fast a sloop as ever caused trouble for the officers of Her Majesty's customs.

George Schnoeter, alias George Snider, alias Dutch George, alias also George Horne, made a fifth member of the unlucky party, of whose fate he alone is left to tell the story in his own peculiar fashion.

"There was me," he says, "and Irish Charlie and Tom Hickey, a Yorkshire man, and two Scotch girls, leutswine one was a Siwash and the other a quarter-breed from Port Rupert. Tom, he owned the sloop, and him and me had been making a pretty good thing of it peddling liquor around to the rancheries and making a bluff at fishing once in a while. The sloop was called No. 21 and came from Seattle, and I guess she was a four-tonner, painted lead-grey; a fast sailer and a handy boat in dirty weather, such as you get plenty of up in them parts."

"Well, we had been knocking around Rough Bay and Mitchell Bay, selling a little booze here and there up to this Thursday, the 10th of March, when we picked up the two girls at Mitchell Bay and started out for Port McNeill, which ain't more than two hours' sail with the wind that was blowing. We had the sloop reefed down close, but as soon as we got outside of the bay we sees that it's too rough for safe sailing, so we puts back and anchors till it clears a bit. This might be 9 or 10 o'clock at night."

"We lays there till about midnight, and then Irish he fetches whoop, and decides as how it's St. Patrick's Day and his duty to celebrate. Yorkshire and the women they didn't know much about St. Patrick's, but they were out for a drunk anyway, so Irish and Tom brings out the liquor and all hands gets proper loaded. Me? Well, I guess I had a good few jolts in me too."

"Well, they keeps a-drinking and the wind e-blowing till about 5 or 6 in the morning, and then Tom he says he ain't going to wait no longer if it blows all kinds of gales. So he hauls up and out we goes, and it blowin' and snowin' and rainin' and freezin' all at the same time. Every time the sea would catch the sloop fair she'd hit her side under and ship tubs of water, so that Irish and me and the girls down below was leavin' in the tanks to keep out of the water and half way up to our knees when we'd get out to pass the bottle."

"Well, somethin' or another started between Irish and one of the women, and they commenced scappin' and jawin' and Tom came down to take a hand, leavin' the sloop to look after herself, which she naturally did by swingin' her head about as she pleased. I got a hold on her, I guessed about as much, and ran up to take her, when over she went kilpine. The sail flattened down, and the four of them that was below was held in just like rats in a trap and didn't have no manner of chance. I just had time to grab a big oar and a bit of rope to lash it to me, and then I was in it."

"Well, I kept swimmin' round tryin' to make the land somehow, until I got out. Then a Siwash from Galiano island came along and picked me up, after I'd been in the water about twenty hours and didn't know nothin'. He took me to his shack and in a couple of weeks I was fit for business again. Then I got a chance to get down to Nanaimo and came from there to Port McNeill here, and from here I guess I got down to San Francisco and see if I can get a ship for Honolulu—that's where my folks live. I'm a steamboat man myself—used to be on the City of Puebla."

"What about the sloop? Oh, it was all up with her. They've been pickin' up bits of wreckage all around there, and I guess it's her. They thought it was the 'Thistle,' but they tell me she's all right."

## NOTICE.

The DAILY COLONIST is for sale at the news stands and on the streets of Vancouver on the arrival of the steamer from Victoria and at the following additional places:

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## "A Cheerful Look Makes a Dish a Feast."

"Cheerful looks" depend just as much upon physical well-being as upon natural disposition and temperament. If the blood is disordered, the brain is starved, and no "dish is a feast," for the reason that the vitalizing elements do not reach the proper spot.

A step in the right direction is to purify the body by the use of a natural remedy. Hood's Sarsaparilla is Nature's remedy. It acts upon the blood, and whether the seat of the disorder is brain, stomach, liver or kidneys, the purifying process of this medicine is equally sure and successful. It never disappoints.

Great Builder—"Have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for indigestion, constipation and finds it builds up the whole system and gives relief in cases of catarrh." WILLIAM E. WELDON, Moncton, N. B.

Sour Stomach—"My system was out of order. I suffered from headache and sour stomach. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla, my health improved and I gained 18 pounds." MAXWELL D. SHANGRAW, Colebrook, Ont.

Bad Cough—"My sister was troubled with a cough which caused pain in her left side. She was confined to her bed. We gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a few weeks she was able to sit up in bed, her appetite improved and the cough and accompanying pain disappeared." LILY WALKER, 21 Cottenham Street, Halifax, N. S.

Dyspepsia—"My husband suffered with dyspepsia